WANTS 1 CENT WORD ISSUE
The Colonist

The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON COLLIERIES
COAL
Hall, Goepel & Company
Telephone 83
100 Government Street

VOL. LXXX.---NO. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., SUNDAY JULY 3 1898 FORTY-FIRST YEAR

Just Arrived. Another Large Shipment of

SILVERWARE

The Newest Designs. The Best Goods. Special Values. Suitable Wedding Presents.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co., JEWELLERS, 47 Government Street.

NEW ORLEANS

Molasses. Car load just received of the following brands:

DEWEY, in half barrels 21 Gals. each
SAMPSON, " " 21 " "
SCHLEY, " " 21 " "
" in barrels, 44 " "
HOBSON, " " 44 " "
" in half barrels, 21 " "

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Klondike Outfitting.....

WILSON BROS.
Wholesale Grocers

Have the largest and best selected Stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Or a considerable portion of it by buying your outfit for the Klondike at E. J. Saunders & Co's

Thirty Years' Experience

Enables us to handle just exactly the line of supplies that Klondikers need. No where in the city or elsewhere can you obtain the same grade of goods for the same money as at our store. We have experienced packers, and supply all papers necessary to put your outfits through the customs free of cost to you. That's some inducement to buy of us, isn't it?

E. J. SAUNDERS & CO.,
VICTORIA, B.C. 39 and 41 JOHNSON STREET

CORDOVA BAY

Summer Residential Lots For Sale or to Lease

A few frontage lots, part of section 31, facing on this bay, for sale or to lease for 20 years at very moderate prices. This is a very favorite summer resort for camping and bathing, and is one of the few bays within easy reach of Victoria, where the beach is both safe and the water warm for bathing in. The distance from Victoria is about six miles. A constant supply of water will shortly be laid on to each lot from a never-failing stream of pure spring water. Also 5 and 10 acre lots for sale, without water frontage but fronting on the main road and overlooking the water.

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 FORT ST.

DYEA---ALASKA...

Only 28 Miles from Salt Water to Lakes.

CHILKOOT TRADING CO., *Dyea, Alaska.*

COMPLETE OUTFITS

Groceries - Dry Goods - Hardware.

Victoria Agents—SHALLCROSS, MACAULAY & CO., Bastion St.

PETERBOROUGH CANOES

Another shipment of these famous Canoes just received. We have them in all sizes.

No prospector's outfit complete without one. To be seen at Spratt's wharf. Will furnish full particulars to those enquiring by mail.

...SPRATT & MACAULAY...

HIGH LIFE

CIGARETTES

Are, Without a Doubt, in Quality and Price

The Very Best Made

— AT —

E. A. MORRIS'

Headquarters for

MINERS' SUPPLIES

SIMON LEISER & CO.,
Victoria, B.C.

ROBERT WARD & CO. LTD

Temple Building - Victoria
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General Shipping and Insurance Agents

Commission Merchants. Forwarders and Warehousemen. Lumber Merchants and Tug Boat Agents. Orders executed for every description of British and Foreign Merchandise. Charters effected.

Goods and Merchandise of every description insured against loss by fire. Marine risks covered . . . . . .

Life, Accident and Boiler Insurance in the best offices. Klondike Risks accepted. Miners' Outfits Insured . . . . . .

Loans and Mortgages negotiated. Estates managed and Rents collected. Debentures bought and sold.

General Financial Agents

GEORGE BYRNES

AUCTIONEER
APPRAISER AND
COMMISSION
AGENT

OFFICE 15 YATES STREET

Liberal advances made on goods consigned for sale

Have Large Rooms for City Auctions

DO YOU USE A GAS STOVE?

THE VICTORIA GAS CO., Limited,

Are now loaning and fitting up FREE OF COST Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves.

Gas is sold at the reduced rate of $1.25 per M. cubic feet, for fuel.

Advantages of using gas for cooking purposes:

1—Less heat in kitchen.
2—A Gas Stove is always ready for instant use, day or night.
3—A Gas Stove will do all the cooking a coal or wood stove does only quicker and cleaner.
4—A Gas Stove means less work, no fuel to carry or ashes to remove.
5—Food is not placed in contact with the gas.
6—The average cost of using a Gas Range in this city does not exceed $1.75 per month.

Stoves Can Be Seen at Any Time at The Gas Works.

Where any further information will be gladly given.

D. H. MacDowall, Commission Agt.

CHEAP MONEY TO LOAN

Agent for Enamelled Iron Signs, Automatic Air Compressors, Steel Rails and Bridge Work.

ROOM 4, Williams' Block, Broad Street

AUCTION

Sales held at my salesroom, 133 Government street, corner Pandora,

EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT

AT 8:15 P. M.

This week's sale will consist of Drygoods, Remnants, Ladies' and Gent's Gold Watches, Chains, Rings, Cutlery, Musical Instruments, Gent's Furnishings, and a varied assortment of other articles.

3 Combination Safes for Sale.

Terms, spot cash.
W. JONES, Auctioneer.

ICE CREAM

HENRY CLAY

Of the Metropolitan Lunch and Tea Rooms, is now running Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda (all flavors), having just imported the finest Fountain on the Coast. Special attention paid to ordered work for picnic and boating parties. 39 FORT STREET.

Klondike Information Bureau.

W. WALLACE GRIME & CO.

Real Estate, Mining Shipping and Customs Brokers, Commission and General Insurance Agents. 64 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Telephone 488.

10,000 ROLLS NEW WALL PAPERS just received—some beautiful effects. J. W. Mellor, 76-78 Fort street, agent for Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance. je26

IF YOUR HOUSE requires paint, the best is cheapest. Mellor's Pure Mixed Paint speaks for itself: $1.50 per gallon. J. W. Mellor, Fort street. je26

Columbia Lodge

NO. 2, I. O. O. F.

The members of the above lodge are requested to meet at the I. O. O. F. hall, Douglas street, to-day (Sunday) at 4 p. m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, G. W. A. Lange.

Members of sister lodges and sojourning brethren respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the N. G.
R. W. FAWCETT, Rec. Sec.

Mass Meeting of Electors

—AT THE—

A. O. U. W. HALL,

—ON—

Tuesday, July 5, 1898

Invitations have been issued to the candidates for the city to attend and address the meeting

A. L. BELYEA, Esq., Col. F. B. GREGORY and ALEXANDER STEWART, Esq., have kindly consented to do so; RICHARD HALL, Esq., H. D. HELMCKEN, M.P.P., Q.C. and A. E. McPHILLIPS, Esq. are unable to attend.

The chair will be taken at 8 p m.

Robert Beaven,

Candidate for the Legislative Assembly.
Victoria July 2 1898.

WHISKS, 10cts UP

BOWES' DRUG STORE
100 Government Street, near Yates St.

BY

W. T. HARDAKER,

AUCTIONEER.

Beautiful Residence on King's Road.

Two full-sized Corner Lots.
Lawn and Orchard.
Seven-Room House, Pantry and Bathroom, and all necessary outbuildings.
Will be sold at a great sacrifice.
For further particulars apply to the above.

Ralph Churton,
Auctioneer 62 Douglas St.

Has the following for sale by Private Treaty.

WELL BUILT 2-STORY HOUSE
On the Work Estate.

GOOD HOTEL
In the centre of the city.

Further particulars will be furnished on application.

VICTORIA
SUMMER RACES

At the Driving Park,

Friday and Saturday July 22, 23.

$1,200 IN PURSES.

TEN GREAT RUNNING CONTESTS

The Fastest Thoroughbreds That Have Ever Run in British Columbia Will Compete at This Meeting.

Good Purses, Close Finishes and Fast Time.

The Band of the Fifth Regiment will play at the Park each afternoon.

FOR SALE—Tenders required for a first-class residence, with every modern convenience, the property of Hedley Chapman, situate on Dallas road, to be sold either furnished or unfurnished. Tenders to be sent in to the undersigned by the 14th day of July, and from whom full particulars can be obtained. A. W. More & Co., agents, 86 Government street. je30

CARLOAD of Klondike horses for sale at Victoria Transfer Co.'s Stables, Broughton street. je27

LINSEED OIL—Pure English, in 4-gallon tins at 75c. per gallon; pure white lead, $6 per 100 lbs.; No. 1 white lead, $5 per 100 lbs. J. W. Mellor, agent for Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance, Fort street, above Douglas. je26

NEW POTATOES! NEW POTATOES! 15 lbs. for 25 cents; a few sacks of old potatoes still in stock. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 413. jy3

MORE TROUBLE BREWING.

Berlin, July 2.—On the best authority, the correspondent of the Associated Press is informed that Germany, France and Russia have reached an understanding relative to the Philippine Islands. It is said that these three powers do not intend to actively interfere until hostilities cease, after which they will combine to prevent the United States or Great Britian gaining possession of the whole of the Philippines. When the war is over an international congress will be proposed, similar to the Berlin congress of 1878, to settle all questions connected with the war. All the great powers will be invited to join, including the United States and Spain. It appears certain that Germany will then demand a slice of the Philippines or other compensation in the Far East.

SANTIAGO HOLDING OUT!

A Thousand American Soldiers Have Fallen in Two Days of Desperate Conflict.

Spaniards Let the Foe Approach to Close Range Before the Terrible Batteries Opened.

Modern Guns Off Cervera's Ships Then Deal Death From Behind the Earthworks.

Washington, July 2.—The President and the Secretary of War through a private despatch coming from the battlefield learn that the engagement was resumed this morning and has continued all day. The wounded men are coming in rapidly and indications point to heavy losses. The despatch does not indicate a decisive result in any direction.

This has been a day of almost unparalleled suspense and anxiety. From President McKinley down through all the officials at Washington everybody has been under a tremendous strain. Tidings from Shafter have been eagerly awaited and momentarily expected but save a brief word on the extent of the loss yesterday nothing came from him during the day concerning the progress of the action at Santiago.

Just at the close of the day the first bit of information coming directly to the officials reached the President and Secretary Alger. It was a private despatch, not primarily intended for them, although it came through official channels. Briefly and expressively it told the story of a day of terrific fighting. It was direct from the field of action and was as late as 4 p.m. It stated that the engagement had been in progress throughout the day, the dead and wounded were being carried to the rear, and that the American losses were heavy. The exact wording of the despatch was not made known, but one of the high officials who read it said that it conveyed to him the idea of extreme tension and a battle in which all the fiercest elements of war are present. Until it came the officials were possitively without a word as to whether the engagement begun yesterday was continued today. It was only by the brief private message which under ordinary circumstances would have received little attention that the President and his advisers were made aware that the battle was still in progress and still without definite issue.

The mere fact that the despatch did not chronicle a decisive advantage by the American forces was construed by some of the officials as ominous. So far as official despatches are concerned the day was utterly devoid of any information bearing on Santiago. Secretary Alger said at the close of official hours that he had not received a word from General Shafter since the brief despatch at 3 o'clock this morning referring to the loss of yesterday. Secretary Long said at the same hour that nothing had come from Admiral Sampson and in particular the secretary of the navy dismissed as groundless, the rumor that word had reached him that Morro Castle had been demolished by the American squadron. Col. Miles was also without advices at 3 o'clock. He joined Secretary Alger in the latter's office and the two conferred for a long time on the military situation.

Neither the secretary nor the commanding general underestimates the great task before the American army with an enemy well intrenched in front of them, with Cervera's guns pouring shot and shell into the lines and with the possibility that Spanish reinforcements have now swelled the ranks of the enemy until they are now greater than the combined forces under the American military commander.

The great issue remains for General Shafter and his forces to work out to a conclusion. His call early in the day for a large additional force of medical officers was quickly responded to. The hospital ship Relief, which left New York to-day, was given orders before sailing to stop on her way south at Fortress Monroe, where the extra force of surgeons will board her. She will reach Fortress Monroe to-morrow and take on the physicians immediately and then proceed hurriedly to the aid of the wounded under Shafter's command.

Surgeon-General Sternberg of the army was unable to make arrangements to-day for all the medical assistance which Gen. Shafter asked for. After considerable labor he got together a force of probably a dozen physicians and they with the surgeons already aboard the vessels will approximate twenty in all. The Relief should reach Santiago in four or five days. If additional physicians are needed they will be sent, Gen. Sternberg says, on the cruiser Yale, which is scheduled to leave Norfolk the middle of next week with a large detachment of Gen. Garrettson's brigade as reinforcements to Shafter. Surgeon-General Sternberg left here this evening for Fortress Monroe, where he will make a personal inspection of the Relief before she starts for Santiago.

The intimation that Gen. Miles may soon leave Washington for some point where action is expected is likely to prove true, but as yet it is nothing more tangiable than rumor. It is very evident that the purpose of the war officials is to send more troops to Cuba as soon as possible. In response to a message sent to General Shafter two days ago a reply was read that the transports off Santiago would be sent back to Key West at the earliest moment. The transports are needed to convey the additional troops to Cuba, troops that are evidently intended to reinforce Shafter's command.

HOW THE FIGHT OPENED.

An Early Report Which Did Not Anticipate the Terrible Loss to be Sustained.

On board despatch boat Dandy, off Juragua, July 1, 4 p.m., via Port Antonio, 2:50 a.m., Kingston Jamaica, 11 a.m., July 2.—The battle of Santiago has raged all day and at four o'clock this afternoon 15,000 American troops are thundering at the outer fortifications of the doomed city. Since daybreak General Shafter's army has fought it way across two and a half miles of bitterly contested and strongly fortified country and the entire line from left to right is within gunshot of Santiago town.

The American losses are thus far estimated at the hospital corps headquarters at 20 killed and 50 wounded, but it will be hours before the death roll can be accurately given. Lieut.-Col. Patterson, of the 23rd infantry, is the only officer known to have been wounded but he is not mortally. The Spanish killed and wounded are undoubtedly numbered by hundreds. The Spanish strongholds of Caney and El Paso have fallen and the fort Aguadores just east of Morro

(Continued on page 2.)

ATHLETE AND SWEET CAPORAL
10 CENTS PER PACKET. CIGARETTES

H. L. SALMON'S, LEADING TOBACCONIST
Salmon Block, Victoria B.C

Some advertisements should be taken with a grain of salt, Blue Ribbon Tea needs only cream and Sugar.

HELPED BY THE FLEET

Ship's Guns Trained on Rifle Pits and Sampson Thought He Cleared Them.

Naval Account of First Co-operation of the Land and Sea Forces.

Gunnery Skill Expended on a Flag-Staff While the Spanish Foe Went Free.

With the fleet off Santiago de Cuba, July 1, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 2.—Before 5 o'clock this morning the crew of the flagship New York was astir eating a hurried breakfast. At 5:30 "general quarters" was sounded and the flagship headed in toward Aguadores about three miles east of Morro Castle, the other ships retaining their blockading positions along the surf beaten shore. The smoke of an approaching train from Altares was seen. It was composed of open cars full of General Duffield's troops. At a cutting a mile east of Aguadores the train stopped and the Cuban scouts proceeded along the railway track and the troops got out of the cars and soon formed in a long thin line standing out vividly against the yellow rocks that rose perpendicularly above, shutting them off from the main body of the army which is on the other side of the hill several miles north. From the quarter deck of the flagship there was a signal by a vigorously wig-wagged letter and a few minutes later from a clump of trees at the water's edge came an answer from the army. This was the first co-operation for offensive purposes between army and navy.

The landing of the army at Baiquiri and Altares was purely a naval affair. With the flag in his hands the soldier ashore looked like a butterfly.

"Are you waiting for us to begin?" was the signal made by Rear Admiral Sampson to the army.

"General Duffield is ahead with the scouts," came the answer from the shore to the flagship.

By this time it was 7 o'clock and the admiral ran the flagship boat within three-quarters of a mile of the beach. She remained almost as near during the forenoon, and the daring way she was handled by Capt. Chadwick within sound of the breakers made the Cuban pilot aboard stare with astonishment.

The Suwanee was in company with the flagship, still closer in shore, and the Gloucester was to the westward of Morro Castle. From the southward the Newark came up and took up a position to the westward. Her decks were black with 1,500 or more of troops. She went alongside of the flagship and was told to disembark the troops at Alciras.

Then Admiral Sampson signalled to General Duffield: "When do you want us to commence firing?"

In a little while a white flag on shore sent back the answer, "When the rest of command arrives; then I will signal you."

It was a long tedious wait for the ships before the second carload of troops came puffing along from Alciras. By 9:30 the last of the cars had left the open railroad tracks, disappearing in the thick bush that covers the east side of Aguadores inlet. The water in the sponge tubs under the breeches of the big guns was growing hot in the burning sun. Ashore there was no sign of the enemy. They were believed to be on the western bluff. Between the bluffs runs a rocky gully leading into Santiago. On the extremity of the western arm was an old castle port from which the Spanish flag was flying and on the parapet on the east hill, commanding the gully, two stretches of red earth could easily be seen against the bluff.

At 10:15 a signal flag ashore was wig-wagged to Admiral Sampson to commence firing and a minute later the New York's guns blazed away at the rifle pits and the old fort. The Suwanee and Gloucester joined in, and when the smoke of the Suwanee's first gun cleared away only two red streamers of the flag were left. The shell went through the centre of the bunting. A delighted yell broke from the crew of the Suwanee. In two or three minutes she fired again and a huge cloud of debris rose from the base of the flagstaff. For a few seconds it was impossible to tell what had been the effect of the shot. Then it was seen that the shell had only added to the ruin of the flag. The flagstaff seemed to have a charmed existence and the Suwanee had only one chance left. It seemed hardly possible for her to achieve her object with the big gun at such a distance and such a tiny target. There was breathless silence among the watching crews. They crowded on the ships' decks, and all eyes were on the tattered rag bending toward the earth, on the top of what once had been a grand old castle, but now only bending, not yet down. Lieut. Commander Delhaney and Blue took their time. The Suwanee changed her position slightly. Then a puff of smoke shot out from her side. Up went a spouting cloud of debris from the parapet and down fell the banner of Spain. Yells went up from the flagship. The Suwanee's last shot had struck right at the base of the flagstaff and had blown it clear from the wreckage which had held it from finishing its fall. "Well done" signalled Admiral Sampson to Lieut. Delhaney.

At 11:30, General Duffield signalled that his scouts reported that no damage had been done to the Spanish rifle pits by the shells from the ships, and Admiral Sampson told him that they had been hit several times, but there was no one in the pits. However, the Suwanee was ordered to fire a few more shots in their direction.

At 12:28 p.m. the New York, having discontinued the firing at Aguadores commenced firing 8-inch shells clear over the gully into the city of Santiago. For five miles the shells went roaring over the hillsides. What destruction they wrought it will be imposible to tell as the bluff side hid everything.

In reply to Gen. Duffield's question "What is new?" Admiral Sampson replied "There is not a Spaniard left in the rifle pits."

Later General Duffield signalled that his scouts thought reinforcements were marching to the battered old fort. Admiral Sampson wig-wagged him "There is no Spaniard left there. If any come the Gloucester will take care of them."

A little later the Oregon joined the New York in sending 8-inch shells into the city of Santiago.

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL

Brown Tweed Uniform for the British Columbia Independent Rifle Companies.

Stikine Navigation Rules—Wardner a Customs Port—The Trip to Seattle.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Ottawa, July 2.—The requisite permission for the Fifth regiment to visit Seattle was only received this morning, and immediately telegraphed to Colonel Prior.

The government has decided upon a natty uniform for the British Columbia rifle companies. The tunic is of soft brown Halifax tweed, with bright green facings and shoulder straps and brass buttons. The hat is soft felt with a turn up on one side and the buckle bears the British coat of arms.

To-day's Gazette contains regulations for the navigation of the Stikine river at Little Canyon. Frank Burnett is appointed a member of the pilotage authority.

Yale and New Westminster lots 8 to 21 in block 17 and the whole of block 18, township of Golden, have been granted to the Golden hospital society for hospital purposes.

An order-in-council dated June 20 appears in the Canada Gazette making Wardner a customs port of entry under the survey of New Westminster.

R. C. Clute, Q.C., of St. Catharines, has been appointed commissioner to investigate everything connected with the death of Fraser and Macdonald on the Crow's Nest Pass railway construction.

VANCOUVER'S HOLIDAY.

The Boat Race a Fizzle—Winners in Wheeling Events.

Vancouver, July 2.—(Special)—In the world's championship boat race to-day Johnston struck a log when half a mile from the start and leading. His boat climbed on the log and could not be forced off. He was ordered back by the referee. Gaudaur also was asked to go back, but declined, paddling alone over the course.

Referee Russell said to-night: "I ordered the men back, acting on the clause of the articles of agreement for the race that in the case of any outside obstruction whatsoever which in the opinion of the referee effects the result of the race, the referee may order the race rowed over again. Gaudaur, however, resigned his rights before the referee's final decision. The official time keeper announces that the first quarter was made a second faster than the record time.

Gaudaur has shown himself the true sportsman by waiving all right to claim money or race, which will be rowed over again on Burrard inlet on Tuesday next.

An immense crowd attended the bicycle races at Brockton point to-day. The contests were interesting and close finishes were numerous but the time was not fast. Following were the results: Novice—V. Ormsby 1st, S. Henderson 2nd, R. W. Cameron 3rd. One Mile Professional—Cotter 1st. One Mile Amateur Championship of B.C.—W. Hunter 1st. Mile Open—Blackmore 1st. Two Mile Handicap—W. H. Eaton 1st.

50 doz. Straw and Felt Hats just opened. New, Neat, Nobby. B. Williams & Co

o—THE—o

Hickman Tye Hardware

CO., LIMITED. ESTABLISHED 1858

32 and 34 Yates Street. VICTORIA, B.C.

Importers of

Iron, Steel, Hardware and Cutlery

Mining and Milling Supplies a Specialty

Headquarters for Klondike Supplies. Victoria is the cheapest place to outfit. Prices quoted on application. All custom house papers made free of charge.

ONE THOUSAND FALLEN

American Forces Meeting With Disaster in Desperate Assault Upon Santiago.

Shafter Calls for a Large Medical Corps and Hospital Ship Urgently Required.

Spanish Artillery Did Great Execution Though Batteries Were at Length Silenced.

Siboney, province of Santiago de Cuba, July 2.—At 8 a.m. yesterday the American forces under General Shafter and the Spanish forces engaged in a fierce battle. The fighting was practically stopped at 9 p.m., to be resumed in the morning. The American troops advanced nearly to the city. The losses are estimated at over 1,000 killed and wounded.

8:30 a.m.—At this hour fighting still continues. The entire reserve of the American army has been ordered to the front at once, apparently with the intention of forcing a way into Santiago de Cuba. The troops have advanced nearly to the city, but the fortifictions are very strong.

Our losses are heavy. Officers from the field estimate our killed and wounded at over 1,000 men.

A shell, supposed to have come from the Spanish fleet, did heavy execution among the American troops.

During a lull in the fighting an impressive incident occurred. The 21st battalion was out in front and suffering heavy loss from the Spanish fire, but the men sang the "Star Spangled Banner," even the wounded joining in the singing.

New York, July 2.—A special cablegram to the Evening World from El Paso, Cuba, near Santiago, by way of Playa del Este, July 1st, says: The first artillery fight of the campaign has just been ended by the silencing of the Spanish battery. The wounded are still being picked up as this despatch to the World is hurried away. There was a blunder in allowing the infantry to be massed behind the battery's position and most of the fatalities on our side are attributed to that. Gen. Lawton's division bivouacked at Clancy last night without fires. A 7 o'clock this morning there was a sudden boom, the first shot coming from a Spanish battery. At 7:15 Grimes' battery opened on the troops in sight of San Juan blockhouse. The shells burst like clock work. The common powder used by our troops smoked and was a fine target for the Spanish field battery, which was probably served by Admiral Cervera's marines, judging by the accuracy of the aim. While our smoke gave the enemy the range, Grimes could not locate the enemy, who used smokeless powder, except approximately. Our men worked like mad. The Spanish fire gradually slackened and in less than an hour collapsed altogether. Our battery was assisted by the Rough Riders, about 100 Cubans with Hotschkiss guns, a detachment of the Tenth cavalary and a squad from Company C, second cavalry.

Most of the Spanish shells flew over the crest of the battery's position and exploded. Through them the Rough Riders had about ten men wounded, among them being R. Champlain, whose left elbow was smashed. The Cuban leader, Gonzales, reports that the Cubans lost twenty killed and wounded. Details of Gen. Lawton's losses have not arrived.

Capt. Grimes and Corporal McLean, who were overcome with the heat, are recovering. The battery shot one hundred rounds, two-thirds shell and the balance shrapnel.

In the fighting near Santiago Spanish shells two and a half inches in diameter burst in the midst of Capt. Puriter's battery of First artillery, wounding several. Roosevelt's Rough Riders were in this fight. Several were wounded.

Washington, July 2.—Owing to the many conflicting reports of the losses among the American troops in yesterday's engagement, it has been thought best by the war department officials to make public General Shafter's last despatch, received this morning at 4 o'clock. It is as follows:

"Siboney, via Playa del Este, July 1.—Adjt.-General, Washington: I fear I have underestimated to-day casualties. A large and thoroughly equipped hospital ship should be sent here at once to care for the wounded. The chief surgeon has use for forty more medical officers. The ship must bring a launch and boats for conveying the wounded.

"(Signed) SHAFTER,
"Major-General."

New York, July 2.—A copyrighted telegram from Playa del Este to the Evening World says General Garcia is authority for the statement that General Pando has succeeded in reaching Santiago with six thousand men. The Cubans were unable to stop his progress or his effort to reinforce the Spanish forces.

For Constipation take Karl's Clover Root Tea, the great Blood Purifier. Cures Headache, Nervousness, Eruptions on the face, and makes the head clear as a bell. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

Scrofula, hip disease, salt rheum, dyspepsia and other diseases due to impure blood are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A ball is to be tendered in Quebec to Lord and Lady Aberdeen on the eve of their departure. The event will probably coincide with the celebration attending the unveiling of the monument to Champlain on Dufferin Terrace.

Customs collections at Montreal for June, 1898, were $460,436, against $481,235 for June, 1897.

Tennis and Boating Flannels—Pants $1.25, 1.50, 2.00. Jackets, $1.25, 1.75 3.00. B. Williams & Co.

HELPED BY THE FLEET.

Continued from Page One.

Castle on the coast has been blown to ruins by the guns of the fleet.

With the exception of about a thousand troops who are guarding Baiquiri and Juragua the entire army is engaged, together with 4,000 of General Garcia's Cuban troops. The men fought gloriously. The battle began just at daylight at a point about eight miles from Juragua and four miles northeast of the outer fortifications of Santiago. The general order for an advance was issued by General Shafter at dark last night and by midnight every man in the army knew that a desperate struggle would come with the dawn. The news put the troops in a fever of excitement and the night was spent in cheering and singing, the popular strain being "There'll be a hot time in Santiago to-morrow."

At 4 o'clock this morning hundreds of bugles rang out the reveille and before the sun had risen theg reat line was the sun had risen the great line was eral Duffield with the 23rd Michigan, his command having reached Aguadores bridge by train. Next, to the northwest, was General Kent's division, a mile and a half from the sea, and held as a reserve force. The centre of the line was held by the cavalry division, which until General Wheeler arrived at noon was commanded by General Sumner. Owing to General Young's illness Col. Wood, of the Roughriders, commanded his brigade, which consisted of the First regulars, the First volunteers and the Tenth regulars, and one battalion of the Ninth regular cavalry, all dismounted, with the exception of the troops on the extreme right Generals Lawton and Chaffee, fully five miles from the sea.

It has been arranged that General Duffield should make a point of attacking Aguadores in order to draw attention from the main movement, and at 5 o'clock General Lawton's troops moved northward, led by a battery of the First artillery under command of Capt. Allan Capron. Every man in the army carried three days' rations and ammunition and every one knew that he was not expected to return to camp until Santiago has fallen.

The first shots were fired from "A" battery at 8:40 by Capron, whose son, Capt. E. Capron, of the Roughriders, was killed in the battle at Seville. A shot was directed at Caney, where the Spaniards were in force and it fell in the heart of the town. Firing continued twenty minutes without response. Meantime the cavalry division had moved northward on the main Santiago trail, headed by a light battery of the Second artillery under Capt. Grimes. The movement of this battery was a heart-breaking task owing to the mud in the valley and a steep hill. Under the musketry fire of the cavalrymen the Spaniards in the little town of El Paso retired and Capt. Grimes' battery took up a position there and began a rapid firing into Caney. The guns of the two batteries made the place so hot that the enemy finally retreated, having no artillery. The town was surrounded by rough earthworks and lines of barbed wire.

After the enemy had been driven from El Paso twenty-one shots were fired by Captain Grimes and Captain Capron from that position into the outer fortifications of Sanitago before a response came.

When it did come, however, it came with unexpected accuracy, the shots being from 3- and 5-inch rapid-firing rifles evidently taken from Cervera's warships and mounted behind the fortifications. The Spanish guns naked the hill on which El Paso stands, which in the meantime had been made the headquarters of General Sumner and the Cuban generals Garcia, Castillo, Capote and Rabi. One shell struck a large sugar storehouse on the red corrugated roof of which stood ten Cubans, all of whom were wounded and three of them will die.

A detachment of two hundred Cubans went forward from El Paso. Then Col. Woods' Roughriders, the First and Tenth cavalry started down the hillside and straight for the enemy's fortifications. Capt. Grimes' battery poured a steady fire into the Spaniards to protect Col. Woods' advance. The dismounted cavalry passed through the tangled grass and underbrush, and half way down the hillside selected a good spot to halt and from there opened and maintained for twenty minutes a hot fire. The opposing batteries banged away, Captain Grimes sending a storm of lead down into the outer fortifications and the Spaniards pounding away at the hill top with vicious persistence.

Most of the Spanish shells went over the hill top and fell into a ravine beyond. Here several detachments of Cuban troops were stationed as reserves and before they could be moved several insurgents were seriously wounded and several slightly hurt. At the same time two Americans were killed and nine wounded. The Spaniards used smokeless powder, and shot with much more accuracy than during the previous engagement. The wonder is that many more lives were not lost as the opposing batteries were less than two miles apart. Col. Woods' command behaved with great bravery, firing steady and deadly volleys with the enemy's shells screeching and bursting over their heads. Twenty minutes of fearfully hot work silenced the Spanish battery. Ten shots were sent into them after they had ceased firing, but there was no response and it is presumed that the guns were dismounted or the gunners driven off, away to the left.

General Lawton's division with Chaffee's men and Capron's battery was meantime fighting fiercely with the enemy entrenched in and about Caney. The Spaniards contested every inch of ground and fought with unexpected coolness and courage. But the irresistible movement of the Americans slowly forced them back and beyond Caney.

At about 11 o'clock the terrible fire from Captain Capron's guns and the muskets of his men broke the Spanish line and a retreat began toward the line of outer fortifications. The enemy took the trail known as the main Santiago road and Captain Grimes' battery immediately began pitching shells in ahead of the retreating men while a detachment of two thousand Cubans, headed by Garcia, were started to cut off the retreat. No report has yet been received from them. A large detachment of General Kent's reserves was sent to aid General Garcia in his work and it is probable that fierce fighting ensued.

All this time General Sumner had commanded the centre, owing to General Wheeler's illness, but about 11:30 General Wheeler started on the two mile journey to the front in an ambulance. About half way he met a number of bearers carrying the wounded. The veteran, under protest by the surgeons, immediately ordered his horse and after personally assisting the wounded into the ambulance mounted and rode onward. The men burst into frantic cheers. At noon, although very ill, General Wheeler had established headquarters at the extreme front and centre of the line and still holds his position.

The hardest fighting of the day seems to have been on the right flank and heavy casualties are reported. The advance there was more rapid than at other points on the line and General Chaffee was the first to cross the little San Juan river close to the line of outer fortifications. At two o'clock Caney had not been taken by the American troops, but they had pushed on past it and it was theirs at any time they chose to march into it. At that hour General Shafter, whose headquarters for the day had been to the rear, went forward to assume personal command of the operations. Some surprise is expressed that he did not wait for siege guns before beginning the final attack as the siege guns are still on the beach at Baiquiri, but he decided yesterday that they were unnecessary and determined to strike at once.

The only movement of the day which did not meet with success was General Duffield's attempt to occupy the sea village of Aguadores. The New York, Suwanee and Gloucester shelled the old fort and rifle pits during the forenoon, drove all the Spaniards from the vicinity and bowled over the parapet from which flew the Spanish flag, but owing to the broken railway bridge General Duffield's troops were unable to get across the river which separated them from the little town and were compelled to go back to Juragua. It is probable that an effort will be made to-morrow to repair the bridge and complete the attack.

To-day it was reported that General Duffield had been defeated. This is not true, however, as he did not encounter any large body of Spaniards.

Many dramatic incidents occurred during the day, with numerous evidences of splendid personal bravery of Americans, officers and men. The work involved continuous and intense physical strain owing to hills and swamps and the fierce tropical sun which hammered down upon the men the greater part of the day. The Cubans behaved with skill and valor and rendered valuable aid. General Garcia and the other Cuban generals led the troops in person and showed great coolness in tight places. The Spaniards fought stubbornly throughout and their steady retreat was slowly and coolly conducted. They contested every inch of the way and fought with unexpected skill, their officers handling the troops with bravery and good judgment. As in all of their fighting so far, however, they did most of their work under cover, rarely showing themselves in large bodies in the open.

All the retreats were toward Santiago and it is probable that by nightfall the entire force of Spaniards in the province of Santiago de Cuba will be within the city's will with the exception of 4,000 men under General Pando, whose attempt to reinforce Santiago is believed to have been frustrated.

CAMARA'S FLEET.

Collier and Troopship Entering the Suez Canal—The Others Coaling.

Washington, July 2.—The following bulletin was posted at the state department this afternoon in regard to Admiral Camara's fleet: "The Spanish ships Colon and Covadonga have entered the Suez canal. The rest, with exception of one repairing, left the harbor to coal from their transports. (Signed) Watts."

Watts, the sender of the telegram, is the deputy consul at Cairo, who has been at Port Said for several days observing the operations of the Spanish fleet. The two ships reported as having entered the canal are not of much consequence as fighting machines and are not calculated to give any special trouble to Admiral Dewey or to make any material change in the existing conditions of affairs at Manila. The Colon is a troopship, the Covadonga is a collier and also has troops aboard.

PREPARING MADRID.

A Discouraged Tone in the Despatches Announcing the American Approach on Santiago.

Madrid, July 2.—An official despatch from Santiago de Cuba dated July 1st and just made public here says: "Yesterday the enemy advanced within a league of here. At this moment the cannonade is commencing against Caney where there are several companies under Gen. Vara de Rey. Simultaneously the American squadron approaches, flying fighting flags, no doubt for the protection of the movements of the troops. Captain-General Blanco telegraphed that nothing is known of Gen. Escario's column, which started from Manzanillo to reinforce Santiago de Cuba."

Another despatch says: "Yesterday night twenty-two American ships were in sight off Havana. Several encounters have taken place between the Spaniards and the insurgents recently, and the latter had eight men killed."

Later in the day, a despatch was received from Gen. Linares saying nothing was known of the whereabouts of Gen. Escarios or his troops. Gen. Linares and Captain-General Blanco report that the Americans are using captive balloons for reconnoitering purposes.

The following despatch has been received from Manzanillo: "Three American ships appeared yesterday before Manzanillo. The garrison and the gunboats are preparing to resist. During the fight yesterday we had two men killed and one man seriously and two men slightly wounded in the town. Three American ships have bombarded the coast near Tunas and Layabacon, probably for the purpose of landing arms."

At the banquet in Madrid yesterday evening Senor Robledo made a violent anti-government speech accusing the ministers of inactivity, of being without an original idea and with leaving everything to the admirals and generals. Continuing, Senor Robeldo insisted that when the moment arrived Spain ought to treat directly with the United States for peace. He concluded with pointing out that the existing institutions would be endangered, adding "but nevertheless, we must do our duty as Spaniards and defend our country."

A Bonfield lad of 17, the adopted son of Napoleon Buchemin, went hunting with Eugene Gagne. Buchemin had a gun slung over his shoulder and stumbled and fell forward, the hammer of the gun striking a rock and causing both barrels to discharge. The bullets entered his breast near the heart, and caused instant death.

BIRTH.

KERRY—On June 15th, at St. Bartholomew's Close, Norwich, Eng., the wife of Captain Charles A. Kerry, M. M., of a daughter (Phyllis Eileen Mary.)

DIED.

LANGE—At the family residence, Douglas street, on the 2nd inst., Gustav W. A. Lange, aged 76 years, 10 months, a native of Gentin, Kingdom of Prussia. The funeral will take place to-day (Sunday) at 4:30 p. m., from above residence. Friends will please accept this intimation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHAW & DICKINSON,

Flour Feed, Hay and Grain
Owners Steam Freighter Bonanza

93 JOHNSON ST

PAINT with a GLOSS

Is what one of our customers wanted, a few days ago, for refinishing some chairs. You may want the same.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO. make paint for all sorts of surfaces, but

ENAMEL PAINT

is best suited for such work. It is the best paint for decorative use. Just the thing for tables, chairs, settees, etc. It is easy to use, and has such a strong lustre that no varnish is needed. Made in fourteen tints.

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Paints,
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SOLE AGENTS FOR

SHERWIN WILLIAMS PAINTS.

TO RENT

Cottage with lot and half in nice garden; $14, includes water. Apply to

Swinerton & Oddy,
106, Gov'mt St.

UNDERWRITER'S AUCTION.

By order of R. P. Rithet & Co., Limited, Lloyd's agents, Joshua Davies will sell on

Wednesday, 6th July, 1898, at 11 A.M.

at Board of Trade building, the hull, engines, boilers and furniture of the steamer

"ISKOOT,"

As she now lies wrecked near the Skeena river.

Terms cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Atlantic Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

TO AND FROM ALL EUROPEAN POINTS.

FROM MONTREAL.

Dominion Line—Yorkshire	July 16
Dominion Line—Dominion	July 23
Allan Line—Parisian	July 14
Allan Line—Laurentian	July 21
Beaver Line—Lake Ontario	July 13
Beaver Line—Lake Winnipeg	July 20

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line—Campania	July 16
Cunard Line—Umbria	July 23
Red Star Line—Southwark	July 13
Red Star Line—Noordland	July 20
White Star Line—Majestic	July 13
White Star Line—Germanic	July 20
North German Lloyd—Lahn	July 12
North German Lloyd—Trave	July 26
French Line—La Bretagne	July 16
French Line—La Gascogne	July 23
Anchor Line—Furnessia	July 16
Anchor Line—Ethiopia	July 30
Hamburg-American Line—Patria	July 16
Hamburg-American Line—Bulgaria	July 23

For lowest rates and all other information write or call on

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S.S Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government streets, Victoria.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for repairing the Metchosin Public School, up to Saturday, July 9th. Thos. Duke, Albert Head. jy1

LINSEED OIL, pure English, in 4-gallon tins at 75c. per gallon; pure white lead, $6 per 100 lbs.; No. 1 white lead, $5 per 100 lbs. J. W. Mellor, agent for Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance, Fort street, above Douglas. je25

MRS. DR. SLAYTON—The world's greatest Medium—can be consulted by mail or in person at the Imperial Hotel, Seattle, Wash. jec19.

APPLICATIONS for the position of Secretary to the British Columbia Chamber of Mines will be received up to and including July 18th, 1898. Applicants will please state qualifications, remuneration expected, references, etc. Frank S. Taggart, Secretary pro. tem., Vancouver, B. C. jy1

THE SISTERS OF REBEKAH Will please meet at 3:30 p. m. to-day, to attend the funeral of our late beloved brother Lange, at Odd Fellows' Hall. By order.
(Signed) MRS. PHILLIPS, N. G.

LODGES AND SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Alexandra Lodge, A.O.U.W. Hall, 2nd and 4th Thursday. J. G. Taylor, Secretary. m13

SONS OF ST. GEORGE—2nd and 4th Monday in A.O.U.W. Hall. Englishmen welcome.

C.O.O.F. Dauntless Lodge, 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, at Foresters' Hall. H. Firth, Secretary.

FERNWOOD LODGE—First and 3rd Wednesdays, Odd Fellows' Hall, Spring Ridge. G. E. Wilkerson, Secretary. M.U. members cordially invited.

W.O.W. meets 1st and 3rd Fridays in A.O.U. Hall. W. Jackson, clerk.

A. O. F.—Court Vancouver meets first and third Mondays at Foresters' Hall, Government street. S. Wilson, Secretary. je22

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A package of pharmaceutical examination papers, supposed to be on Quadra street. Finder please leave at Colonist office. jy3

LOST—On Cadboro Bay road, a parcel containing one pair lady's new shoes. Finder please return to J. H. Frank, care S. Leiser & Co., and be rewarded. jy3

LOST—A large red cow, with one broken horn. Finder please return or notify H. Munday, St. Charles street, Ross Bay. jy3

LOST—A fortune in solid gold by relying on assayers who use the old-time process of assay. Why? Because it is unreliable and expensive. je29

FOUND—A fortune by the new scientific process of assaying. It is reliable, prompt and cheap. J. Knowles & Co., Room 69, Five Sisters Block, Victoria. je29

LOST—About 2½ months ago, black and white English setter dog. Anyone returning same to the Brown Jug Saloon will be rewarded. je30

WANTS.

YOUNG MAN wants position; speaks German, English and Spanish; good references. Address E. P., Colonist office. jy3

WANTED—A general servant. Apply at 128 Pandora street. jy3

WANTED—By respectable woman, situation as nurse. U., Colonist office. jy3

WANTED—Girl to do general housework in a family of two. Apply at 34 Mason street. jy3

WANTED—Another gentleman to complete party of four to work claim on Little Salmon River. Address Miner, Colonist office. jec2.

FOR RENT—House, four rooms, furnished, bath, hot water, sewered. Address W., Drawer 25, Postoffice. jy1

WANTED—Musicians who play brass instruments. Apply at A. O. U. W. Hall to-day at 10:30.

WANTED—Immediately, a nurse girl from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Apply to Mrs. Corsan, 157 Cadboro Bay road. jy1

WANTED—Good fresh milch cow. Send particulars to F. S., Colonist office. jy1

WANTED—To rent farm for dairy purposes; must have good water. Address W. M. C., Colonist office. jy1

WANTED—A medium-sized second-hand safe; must be modern and in good condition. Apply at Room 7, Adelphi Block. jy1

"WANTED, A WIFE"—Apply to F. J. Alexander, A. O. U. W. Hall, between 10 a. m. and 9 p. m. je30

WANTED—To buy good second-hand bicycle; must be cheap; state make, model, price, address. "Xerxes," Colonist office. je22

WANTED—Good strong boy. Apply Mrs. Ashley, Esquimalt road.

WANTED—The highest price paid for second-hand clothing, furniture, stoves; also old copper and brass. 60½ Johnson street. j11

WANTED—At 88 Johnson street, ladies' and gentlemen's cast off clothing, boots and shoes. Send card. Booth. m1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Reduced to $1,300, half-acre in fruit, two-story house, barn and chicken shed; $300 cash, balance to suit purchaser. See this chance. R. F., this office. jy3

FOR SALE—Cheap—Leaving for Europe. One of the most beautiful homes in Vancouver Island. Dr. Dickson's place on the Quamichan Lake, two miles from railway. Sixty-nine, or hundred and eighteen acres, as preferred (nearly half cleared). Large double barn, and other buildings. Hot and cold water. Adjacent to first-class fishing, both trout and salmon, shooting, etc., also to good tennis club. Apply to Major Mutter, Somenos, Vancouver Island, B. C.

FOR SALE—Good English bob-tail sheep dog; also good assortment of sporting dogs. F. Turner, 68 Fourth street. jy1

MINING SHARES FOR SALE—4,000 Victoria-Texada @ 3; 2,000 Good Hope, 3½; 5,000 Van Anda, 3; Monte Cristo, 32; Deer Park, 17½; Grand Prize, 2; Cariboo (Camp McKinney), 55; Virginia, 41; and other stocks at lowest quotations. A. W. More & Co., Stock Brokers, 86 Government street. je29

MILLSTREAM PROPERTY for sale cheap. Parts of Sections 72, 108, and 109, Esquimalt District, containing 255 acres, with dwelling house, outbuildings, etc. Several portions of this property are cleared. Aldermere Station, on the E. & N. Railway, is on the property. Pemberton & Son, Victoria, B. C. je24

FOR SALE—A good family cow. Apply 42 Putman street. je12

FOR SALE—An excellent American Upright Piano, full size cabinet grand. In first class order. Will be sold cheap as owner is leaving the city. Can be seen at Waitt's piano warerooms. j7

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—A large front room, with use of piano, to gentlemen only. Apply at 146 Michigan street. jy3

TO LET—Nicely furnished front room; modern conveniences. Aply at 10 Blanchard street.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET—10-room house over James Bay, $40; 8-room house, James Bay, $30; 6-room house, James Bay, $25; 8-room house, Yates street, $35; a nice country residence and 128 acres, 12 miles from town, $500 per annum. A. W. More & Co., 86 Government street. je29

TO LET—A nice cottage, top of Fort street, all modern conveniences, $15; 8-room house, Stanley avenue, $15; 4-room house, Green street, $4; 7-room house, Cedar Hill road, $5; several cottages, Victoria West, $5; 6-room house, Front street, Victoria West, $7; 6-room house, Vancouver street, $10; 6-room house, Labouchere street, $10; two cottages on Sayward avenue, $5 each; store and dwelling, corner Government and Bay streets, $10. A. W. More & Co., 86 Government street. je29

FOR SALE—The Willows Hotel (furnished) Cadboro Bay road, together with 4¼ acres of land, stock, etc. Adjacent to Driving Park and Exhibition building. G. R. I., Colonist office. je28

TO LET—Four cottages at $5 per month (gardens planted), to a good tenant. No. 5 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. je26

TO RENT—Comfortable furnished front rooms with or without board. Bath. Private house. 152 Pandora avenue. je14

TO LET—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board, with the comforts of home. Terms moderate. Apply 51 Vancouver street. je12

TO LET—6-roomed cottage, rent $5. Apply Oldershaw, Victoria West. m20

TO LET—The dwelling house, wharf, warehouses and lumber yard at the northeast end of Rock Bay bridge, Victoria. Apply G. B. Ordano, Cowichan, or to Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, Victoria, B.C. m15

Woman—How much for children's pictures?

Photographer—Two dollars a dozen, madam.

Woman—Why—er—yes; but I've only got nine.—Judge.

EBERTS AT COLQUITZ.

The Attorney-General Pays a Visit to the Enemy's Camp and Carries It by Storm.

A Senator Takes a Hand in the Fight and Gets Decidedly Worsted.

Opposition Candidate Refuses to Be Party to Personal Attacks on Ministers.

There was a rather interesting time at the opposition meeting held at Colquitz hall last evening in the interest of Mr. J. S. Yates, the opponent of Hon. D. M. Eberts in South Victoria. The interest was caused by the severe castigations administered to Senator Templeman by Hon. Mr. Eberts, who was present by invitation, but despite that fact was continually interrupted by the senator, who was rebuked by the chairman, Mr. S. Jones, and reminded that no one had interrupted Mr. Yates during his address.

Senator Templeman was called on by the chairman, and proceeded to tell all and sundry that "he fully believed" there was going to be a change. "Four years ago, gentlemen, I told the people of Victoria that I then fully believed that the Conservative government at Ottawa was going to be defeated, but they would not listen to me, and chose two government supporters. Now, I am fully convinced that the signs of a change at the present time are even stronger." The senator then went on to relate how he and Mr. Robins, "of the New Vancouver Coal company," as Mr. Templeman explained, had laid their heads together and counted prospective opposition noses. Now the gospel, according to Mr. Robins (as expounded by Mr. Templeman) is that he has an absolute sure thing in Nanimo—a lead pipe cinch on the votes—and the opposition are sure to win. "And look at Victoria," continued the senator; "we may even elect two men right there." Mr. Templeman also "fully believed" that the opposition would have at least 24 seats in the new house. But the mathematical process used in arriving at this result is, so far as last night's meeting is concerned, known only to Mr. Templeman and Mr. S. M. Robins. The matter of ministers of the Crown being identified with the promotion of industrial companies was dwelt upon, and the senator deprecated what he was pleased to term the "personal dishonesty" of Hon. Messrs. Turner and Pooley in connection with the Klondike companies. Mr. Templeman was given a patient hearing, which was quite the contrast of what he accorded Mr. Eberts when he addressed the meeting.

Mr. James Stuart Yates, the opositon candidate, was next asked to address the meeting, and as this was his maiden political speech, it would be, as he prefaced it, a short one. First of all, he took up the statement that the New Vancouver Coal company were the largest employers of Chinese in British Columbia, and showed that this was not quite correct, as there were two corporations which, if they were combined—the Messrs. Dunsmuir and the Union Colliery company—could show a greater number of Chinese, quite ignoring the fact that, as far as principles go, it was a case of the pot calling the kettle black. The finances were the next subject of investigation, and Mr. Yates, after due calculation, had arrived at the conclusion that there was now a deficit of a little over a million dollars—which, by the way, is about half a million less than another opposition lawyer, Mr. A. L. Belyea, makes. Then came the great overshadowing subject of Mr. Yates' party's bill of complaints—"the road boss." But before broaching this subject, Mr. Yates took occasion to most emphatically say that no corporation—not even the New Vancouver Coal company—nor anybody else—had or would be asked to put up a single cent towards his election expenses. In referring to the subject of company promotion, Mr. Yates said that, personally, his estimation of Hon. J. H. Turner was that no one in the country stood higher. "And as to Hon. Mr. Pooley," continued Mr. Yates, "there is not a more honorable gentleman in the profession, but the trouble is, gentlemen, that neither are the whole government." The completion of Mr. Yates' address was accorded a full measure of applause.

Hon. D. M. Eberts, Attorney-General, was then asked to take the platform, and on coming forward said he would like to call the attention of the voters to the prophecy just made by Senaor Templeman, "a gentleman who is very brave in making predictions, now that he is on top of the heap, and only got there by being pitchforked on top." The speaker then proceeded to score Mr. Templeman for his remark as to the personal dishonesty of Messrs. Turner and Pooley, and was subjected to repeated interruptions by the senator, who made a pretence of modifying his remarks, but was called to order by the chairman, who also stated that he had understood the words as repeated by Mr. Eberts. For some little time there was a running fire of interruptions from the same quarter, until calls of "Chair," and the remark of Hon. Mr. Eberts, "Why don't you take your medicine like a man?" permitted the speaker to continue. "The fact of the matter is, gentlemen, the policy of the opposition may be termed 'a road boss' policy—any little pleayune question is to them the great idea of statesmanship. There was nothing broad and liberal about their ideas." The Attorney-General then proceeded to give the meeting a broad outline of the government policy, and started with the developing of the country by railways. Someone in the audience asked, "How about the E. & N.?" when Mr. Eberts went into the history of that line and showed that the entire land grant had been made over absolutely by the province to the Dominion, who were empowered to make what bargain they could for the construction of the line, and not only that, but in order to secure the carrying out of the work, the Dominion government had also paid $750,000. This, as Mr. Eberts intimated, was doubtless ancient history to a great many, but he thought there were many voters of to-day who were not conversant with the facts, and it was well for them to know that in this matter the province had not the slightest legal right to interfere in the matter. As all old-timers would know, a commissioner had been sent out from Ottawa to adjust many questions that were then the subject of discontent on the part of the province. The Esquimalt graving dock was one, the railway lands along the line of the C. P. R. was another, and so also was the building of the E. & N., which was at that time most ardently desired by the people of the province—so much so that more than one attempt had been made to secure its construction. A bill had offered many more hundreds of thousands of acres than that finally agreed on with the present company and many greater concessions but it had led to nothing. After the visit of the commission a bill was passed by the local house transferring the island railway lands to the Dominion.

Senator Templeman—For the Dunsmuirs.

Hon. Mr. Eberts—The absolute title to the lands were conveyed to the Dominion and they could make what terms they pleased.

Mr. Eberts' plain statement of the facts of the island railway contract was greeted with hearty applause, particularly as his remarks appealed to the fair minded on both sides of politics. Then taking up the matter of the Nakusp & Slocan railway, the speaker showed how by the outlay of a comparatively small amount the government had secured the opening up of a section of the country so rich in mineral resources that something like $10,000,000 in ores was now annually exported from it. He then passed on to the building of the Shuswap & Okanagan and pointed out the vast increase in annual output of agricultural products which had been induced by the construction of this line, and also the number of flouring mills which the farmers were enabled to keep running.

Senator Templeman, rising (he had not thought it nceesssary to get on his feet in former interruptions)—Mr. Eberts, may I ask you what interest you had in the charter of that line, also if you sold it, and what you obtained for it?

Mr. Eberts—Certainly, and I am glad of the opportunity to tell exactly what I know about it. When I was a practicing lawyer in 1884 Mr. Moses Lumby, of Pentiction, wrote down to me and asked me to obtain a charter for a line between Pentiction and Sicamous as he was a pretty level headed man and saw that a line was bound to be built over that route as it was absolutely needed by the farmers.

Mr. Eberts then went on to tell how Mr. Rithet, Dr. Hanington, Mr. Lumly and himself had obtained the charter and how they had tried to have the line taken up in hand and built. At that time Messrs. Larkin, Connolly & Co. were building the graving dock at Esquimalt and they succeeded in getting that firm interested in the scheme. "And," continued Mr. Eberts, "when an offer to buy the charter was made Mr. Rithet and the rest of us were satisfied to get back just what it had cost us, as he stated, and the rest of us agreed—we wanted to see that line built without delay. Mr. Rithet, Dr. Hanington and Mr. Lumly received $100 and I was paid $1,000 (Senator Templeman—"Ah!") for my services as lawyer, and this included all the fees both here and at Ottawa, at each of which places these amounted to $300, and I leave it to my friend Mr. Yates, to say if $1,000 is any too much for that service.

Mr. Yates—No.

That, gentlemen, is the history of the charter. (Loud and continuous applause.)

The Coast-Kootenay line was then referred to and the advantages bound to arise from the construction were dwelt upon, when Senator Templeman again interrupted with a remark as to Mr. Sword having compelled the government to modify its plans. In fact had the oft defeated Victoria candidate been hired as a "rooter" he could not have done more execrable service.

The Yukon line was the subject of a short review and Mr. Eberts reminded the farmers that the construction of this line would mean an almost unlimited market for their produce, "and on this point I might repeat a remark made to me by Mr. Vedder, the opposition member from Chilliwack in the last house: He stated that the building of that line meant to him as a farmer at least $3,000 every year as he would then know where to find a steady market for all his surplus produce. (Applause.)

Proceeding Mr. Eberts took up the financial standing of the province.

A Voice—How about the $2,000,000 debt?

Mr. Eberts—You are wrong, it is about $5,000,000—just about equal to that of Victoria and Vancouver combined. (Laughter.)

He showed how the affairs of British Columbia had stood the most crucial test to which the concerns of a colony could be put—the investigations of the great financiers of London, and how as a result of this, so well was the province administered that the credit of the country had steadily advanced and had in this respect actually kept pace with British consols until to-day the inscribed stock of this part of the Dominion was quoted as high as 104 and sold readily at 102 and 103. After showing how great was the increase in the cost of seme of the departments of government in order to keep up with the demands of the growth of population, Mr. Eberts instanced their own district, which in educational grants had now secured $15,000, whereas it was four years ago about $6,000. "As to the matter of road building," said Mr. Eberts, "some are in favor of a sort of local option, and local need repair and who is to do it, but it has some very bad ones, and in any event is not now law. But the true remedy for all the complaints about what roads need repairs and who is to do it, would be settled by the creation of a municipality. (Applause.) Then you would have control of your own roads, streets and bridges. By the Municipality act which is law at the present time, you have no trouble as the reeve and council elected would appoint whom they pleased to superintend the roads and pay them what they thought was fair. Local self-government would be a great improvement in many ways." (Applause.)

Senator Templeman again interrupted, asking if Mr. Eberts had not exceeded the stipulated half hour. Mr. Eberts thanked the Senator for his reminder, but submitted that it would have been impossible to have gone into these subjects in the half hour, to which the Senator was good enough to assent. At the close of his address Mr. Eberts was applauded to the echo, and the chairman then called upon Mr. Brown, the New Westminster postmaster, who had come to show the electors of Victoria district how to run their business and what a bad lot that "Victoria concern" was. Mr. Brown apologized for his advent by pointing out that some thirty years ago he had gone shooting about where the hall now stood so that he was not altogether unknown to the district. The usual opposition campaign harangue was then delivered, but happily for a more than usually brief period, and then the hour being late the meeting adjourned.

TO BUILD A THEATRE.

Manager of Last Evening's Entertainment at Oak Bay Negotiating for a New Play House.

The Georgie Woodthrope Company gave a very successful performance of "As You Like It" at the Oak Bay park last evening, the grove comprising the stage presenting a very pretty picture, being brilliantly illuminated with numerous electric lights, hung at random amidst the branches and foliage where they made a very effective and novel sight. Had it not been for the coolness of the evening the 3,000 people present would have been in better spirits. As it was the players received frequent and hearty applause for the untiring efforts to render the public a performance creditable in every respect. Mr. Fred Cooper had the management of the entertainment and displayed much talent. Among those who gave him strongest support was Miss Georgie Woodthorpe, who as "Rosalia" showed a very intelligent conception of the part; Mr. Will Tooker, who took the character of "Orlando" very cleverly; Mr. Weiner, who as "Melancholy Jacques" made a good impression, and Miss Helen Henry, as "Celia" and and the following ladies and gentlemen, Mr. Abbott, Mr. Craig, Mr. McCarthy, Miss Weaver and Miss Hattie Foley. The Fifth Regiment band also contributed largely to the company's entertainment, and another very strong attraction was the fireworks display.

The play will be reproduced at Oak Bay park on Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of this week, with a matinee on the concluding day.

Mr. Cooper has, however, a mort important arrangement than this ahead. He is at present negotiating for the erection of a theatre to play stock companies and combinations at popular prices. It is proposed to run this theatre on the same lines as the "Burbank," of Los Angeles, which was built and managed by Mr. Cooper for five years. A wealthy syndicate is, it is understood, backing Mr. Cooper in his project.

This Season's Suits for Men and Boys Extra Value at W. & J. Wilson.

Political Notes.

Kamloops, July 2.—(Special)—The following was the address presented to the Premier at a most enthusiastic meeting held here to-night:

To the Hon. J. H. Turner, Premier:

We are fully in accordance with you upon Yale who are supporters of the government which you so ably lead, tender you a sincere welcome to the inland capital. Your unimpeachable record as a public man is known to all of us; your business integrity and standing to the majority of us; and your irreproachable private character to many of us. For the first we honor you as our Premier; for the second we respect you as a business man who has always been interested in the commercial and industrial development of our province; and for the third we esteem you as a friend.

The manner in which your government has grasped the various questions of moment which have at different times presented themselves for your consideration commends itself to us. We believe that your policy embodies the elements of prosperity and progress for all parts of the province. We believe that the various interests of the electors throughout the country have received the careful consideration of your government.

We are of the opinion that agriculture has received at the hands of yourself and your colleagues the attention that its manifold interests require, and the policy of your government, if carried to completion, must result in placing the agricultural interests in a position more consistent with the importance of the business.

We think, too, that the mining interests of the province have flourished under the provisions of the legislation affecting them to an extent unprecedented in the history of any mining country in the world, and we believe that the methods advocated by your government will eventually place this province in the fore front of mining producers of the world.

We are fully in accordance with you on the question of management of the provincial finances, and we believe that it is mainly owing to your personal attention to the matter, and the exercise of your well-known business acumen and practical personal training that British Columbia securities now occupy so high a position in the money markets of the world.

We desire to express our complete confidence in yourself and your colleagues in the management of the various departments under your several charges. We further desire to express our confidence in your government as advisers of Her Majesty in this, one of the brightest stars in the galaxy of her empire. Once more we welcome you to North Yale.

On behalf of the Turner Government District Association, we subscribe ourselves.

M. P. GORDON, President.
SIDREE CLARK, Vice-president.
C. WENTWORTH SAREL, Sec.

Mr. Wm. McAllen is a nice young man and means well. To be sure he has a number of vagaries in his head; but in time he will get over them. What he needs just now more than any office is a good sensible wife.—Comox News.

This from the Nanaimo Review is rather severe on Joseph Martin, S. Perry Mills and the other aspirants for the attorney-generalship: "No, no, Mr. Smith is too honest a man to be amongst the fraternity of the law."

The government candidates for the city will address a meeting at the school house, Foul bay, to-morrow evening. Hon. Mr. Eberts, the same evening will hold a meeting at the Agricultural hall, South Saanich.

Postmaster Brown has found that in Cowichan as well as in the farming districts of the Mainland, there are any number of men able to reply to his lecture entitled "Theories."

Winnipeg, July 2.—(Special.)—The First of July was celebrated at the Galician quarantine camp here. R. W. Jamieson, M.P., and Commissioner McCreary delivered patriotic speeches and a display of fireworks was given in the evening. One of the Galicians on behalf of those assembled, addressed Mr. Jamieson, Commissioner McCreary and the officials assembled, thanking all for the excellent entertainment that had been afforded. They were all highly satisfied with their treatment and fully understood the necessity for their detention; all were willing to abide by the laws of the country and become loyal citizens and subjects of Her Majesty Queen Victoria. The Galicians then joined in singing the national anthem, which concluded the proceedings.

Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent of the Methodist church, reached here to-day from Japan en route to Toronto.

DISABILITIES

Do you feel more tired in the morning than on going to bed? Do you have melancholy spells, poor memory, shy, despondent, want to be let alone, irritable? If you do feel so you suffer from Nervous Debility. If you are treated now you can be cured. If you wait you may wait a little too long Many who wait become nervous wrecks Don't you wait. The sure, speedy cure the GREAT

"HUDYAN."

HUDYAN CURES

LOST MANHOOD.
FAILING POWERS.
NERVOUS DEBILITY.
HORRIBLE DREAMS.
CONSTIPATION.
LOSS OF POWER.
LOSS OF CAPACITY.
LACK OF ENERGY.

Call or write for

Circulars and Testimonials.

Blood Poison
Blood Poison
Blood Poison
Blood Poison

First, secondary, tertiary forms of blood disorders are manifested by copper-colored spots itching skin, irritated, dry, parched throat, ulcers in the mouth, falling hair. Act prompt Get cured. The 30-day cure is what you need Call or write for

30 - DAY - CURE CIRCULARS.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

Stockon, Market and Ellis Streets,

SAN FRANCISCO, - - CALIFORNIA.

No one can give you Hudyan but Hudson Institute.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE.

The advertised year and conditions for acquiring the surface rights of mineral claims having expired on June 1st,

PROSPECTORS AND MINERS

can still make arrangements for acquiring the same by personal or written application to the Company's Land Office, Victoria.

LEONARD WOOLLEY,
Land Commissioner.

Victoria, B. C., June, 1898.

WASHINGTON & ALASKA SS. CO., FOR ALASKA

The Company's Elegant Steamer

"City of Seattle"

Will leave VICTORIA, B. C., on her regular excursion run for WRANGEL, JUNEAU, SKAGWAY, DYEA, SITKA and GLACIER BAY on or about

July 4 and 20, Aug. 4 and 20

For freight and passage and all information write or call on

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
64 Government St. Victoria, B. C

4th Of JULY CELEBRATION AT SEATTLE.

Str. North Pacific

Will leave VICTORIA Sunday, July 3rd, at 12 o'clock noon.

Fare for Round Trip - $1.50

Tickets good from 1st to 7th of July inclusive.

BICYCLES FREE.

F. C. Davidge & Co., Ltd.
AGENTS.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD, RED MOUNTAIN RY'S.

The Only All-Rail Route, without change of cars, between Spokane, Rossland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rossland.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY:

Leave.		Arrive.
7:00 a.m	Spokane	7:00 p.m
10:30 a.m	Rossland	3:25 p.m
9:00 a.m	Nelson	5:20 p.m

Close connections at Nelson with steamer for Kaslo and all Kootenay Lake Points.
Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

C. P. Navigation Co. Ld.

TIME TABLE NO. 35

Takes effect June 20 1898.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 1 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No.1 train

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's and Lulu Island — Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No.2 going East Monday.
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 10th 20th, 30th each month at 8 o'clock. And for Skidgate on 10th of each month.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Willapa leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamers leave weekly for Wrangel, Juneau Dyea and Skagway.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING Manager
G. A. CARLETON General Agent
Victoria

TO KLONDIKE

The fast ocean-going steel steamship

"AMUR"

Is intended to leave Victoria on

Tuesday, July 5th

Calling at Vancouver, for

Wrangel and Skagway

Connecting at Wrangel with this Co's River Steamers for Glenora; thence to Teslin Lake By our own Pack Trains

Pass customs before starting and save everyway.

Apply to Evans, Coleman & Evans, Agents, Vancouver, or to Victoria Office of the

K. M. T. & T. Co., Limited

G. A. STRICKLAND, Manager.

STEAMER FLORA

Leaves BENNETT every day for WHITE HORSE,

Connecting with Steamers

ORA and NORA

FOR

DAWSON CITY.

Through boat from Bennett every three days.
Freight and passengers booked through from Victoria to Dawson.
Express company operating in connection with the company's steamers.

Apply

BENNETT LAKE & KLONDIKE NAVIGAT'N CO.
ROOMS 1, 3 and 5,
Five Sisters Block Victoria, B. C

SEATTLE-PORT TOWNSEND

"Puget Sound and British Columbia S.S. Co.'s

Steamer North Pacific

Leaving C. P. N. Co.'s dock daily except Sunday.

South bound.		North Bound.
8.00 p.m. leave	Victoria	arrive 3.30 p.m.
11.30 p.m. leave	Pt. Townsend	lv .12 noon
2.45 a.m. arrive	Seattle	leave 8 a.m.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 31,

To take effect at 7 a.m. on Saturday, March 2 1898. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time

GOING NORTH—READ DOWN.

	Daily	Sat'day & Sun
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	A.M. 9:00	P.M. 4:00
Ar. Nanaimo	12:20	7:16
Ar. Wellington	12:45	7:35

GOING SOUTH—READ UP.

	Daily	Sat'day & Sun
Ar. Victoria	A.M. 12:07	P.M. 8:00
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:46	4:38
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:25	4:25

For rates and information apply at Company offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President
H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent.
oc29

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

AND

Soo Pacific Ry.

Reduced rates to all EASTERN POINTS via Great Lakes Steamships

Alberta, Athabasca & Manitoba from Fort William

SUNDAYS, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS

Also Popular All-Rail Route to all points East and Southeast.

For Lowest Rates and Particulars apply

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

City Ticket Office

75 Government Stre

Leave—Via "S.S. KINGSTON"—Arrive.
8 a.m. 6 a.m.
Connecting at Seattle with Overland Express

J. H. ROGERS, Agent

British Columbia Express Company,

(LIMITED),

ASHCROFT, B. C.
CARIBOO and LILLOOET

STAGE TRAVEL

CLINTON and way points, Monday, Wednesday and Friday. All points in CARIBOO, Monday and Friday, connecting with steamer Charlotte at Soda Creek. LILLOOET direct, Monday and Friday. Through and return tickets at reduced rates. Special conveyances furnished.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO

Commencing Monday, November 1, 1897, the STEAMER City of Nanaimo W. D. Owen, Master

will sail as follows, calling at way ports freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company' ticket office, Victoria Station Store street.

OCEANIC Steamship Company

S. S. ALAMEDA sails via Honolulu & Auckland for Sydney, Wednesday, July 13, at 2 p.m. Line to Coolgardie, Australia, and Capetown, S. Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agents, San Francisco.
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, Victoria, B.C.

YUKON MINERS

I am prepared to buy some good properties for any party who are unable to come out this spring. Parties wishing a claim or two should write me as early as possible, as I intend to leave in July to visit my family in Edmonton and to bring out my son. Letters should be accompanied by draft on the American Commercial Co. or the North American Trading & Transportation Co. made in my favor. Being on the ground and having had some experience I am in a position to buy to advantage. Claims on unprospected properties can to-day be bought for from one to five thousand which may be worth fifty thousand next fall. Will be in Victoria early in August and again about the 20th. Or any parties preferring can deposit amount in a Victoria bank and advise me of the same and what amount they wish to pay for a claim, and I can bring out the bill of sale and records.

LOUIS COUTURE,
Dawson City, Yukon.

a 29

References—Lieut.-Governor Dewdney, F. Oliver, M. P., Edmonton; Judge McGuire, Dawson.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

The Company's elegant steamships City of Puebla Walla Walla and Umatilla, carrying H.B.M. mails, leave Victoria June 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Aug. 2, 8 p.m.; and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave San Francisco for Victoria, B.C., 10 a. m., June 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, July 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Aug. 4, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA

The elegant steamships Queen, Cottage City and Alki leave Victoria B. C., p. m., June 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, July 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, and every fifth day thereafter.

For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITHET & Co., Agts., Victoria.
J. F. TROWBRIDGE, P. S. Supt., Seattle.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

C.P.N. Co'y. Limited

STEAMERS

will leave Turner, Beeton & Co's Wharf for

Wrangel, Juneau, Skagway, and Dyea,

Calling at Vancouver as follows, viz;

TEES, JULY 5th

The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.

For freight or passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Union Steamship Co. of B.C., Ld

Head Office and Wharf, Vancouver, B.C.

NORTHERN SETTLEMENTS—SS. Comox sails from Company's wharf every Tuesday at 9 a.m for Bowen Island, Howe Sound, Sechelt, Jervis Inlet, Froeck, Texada Island, Lund, Hernando Island, Cortes Island, Read Island, Valdes Island, Shoal Boy, Phillips Arm, Frederick Arm, Thurlow Island, Loughborough Inlet, Salmon River, Port Neville, and sails every Friday at 11 a.m. for way ports and Shoal Bay, calling at Bute Inlet every six weeks.

Moodyville and North Vancouver Ferry.

Freight steamers Capilano and Coquitlam capacity 300 tons d.w.

Tugs and scows always available for towing and freighting business. Large storage accommodation on Company's wharf.

H. DARLING, Manager.

Telephone 94 P.O. Box 7[illegible]

ALASKA PACIFIC EXPRESS CO.

The only Express Company operating between

VICTORIA, B.C., and Dyea, Juneau, Sitka, Skagway, Wrangel, and intermediate points.

Reasonable rates on BULLION, SPECIE MERCHANDISE, Etc

E. E. Blackwood, Agent.

UNION S.S. CO., of B. C., Ltd.

S.S. "CUTCH"

Will Sail to Shoal Bay Rivers Inlet Port Simpson and Way Ports

From Spratt's Wharf, July 7th, at 2 p.m

H. DARLING, Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session, by the British Columbia Electric Railway Company, Limited, the purchasers of the rights, powers privileges and franchises of the Consolidated Railway Company, for an Act extending for two years the time for the completion of the works authorized by section 42 of the Consolidated Railway Company's Act, 1896.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1897.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
no6 Solicitors for the Applicants

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

8th June, 1898.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned persons to be Returning Officers for the Electoral Districts, placed opposite their respective names, namely:

Thomas Fletcher, Alberni.
Harry O. Wellburn, Cowichan.
Roderick McKenzie, Esquimalt.
Arthur Walter, North Victoria.
Thornton Fell, South Victoria.
James E. McMillan, Victoria City.
J. M. Lindsay, Alexander, Cassiar.

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTION —Modern method of fingering. Studio 54 Five Sisters Block, Fort street. Waldo Mandolins and Banjos, absolutely highest grade. Terms and prices at the studio. ap 8

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO. Ltd.

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JAPANESE RICE, SILK, AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Agents for.....

Puget Sound and British Columbia S.S. Co.
North China Insurance Co., Limited (Marine)
Canton Insurance Office, Limited (Marine)
Nippon Sea & Land Ins. Co., Limited (Marine)
Insurance Company of North America (Fire)
National Assurance Co., of Ireland (Fire)

F.C. Davidge & Co., Ltd.

Board of Trade Building,

VICTORIA, B.C.

—FOR—

KLONDIKE GOLD FIELDS

VIA

WRANGEL AND SKAGWAY

The Canadian Pacific R'y Co's Steamers

ATHENIAN - JUNE 30

connecting at WRANGEL with the Company's rrive steamers for GLENORA.

THE ALL-CANADIAN ROUTE.

This Company's ocean steamers are far superior to any on the route, being the faster and having excellent accommodation for 150 first-class and 200 second-class passengers. For passenger and freight reservations, rates, etc. apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent.
Cor. Fort and Govim't Sts, Victoria B.C.

Chilkoot Railroad & Transport Co.

OVER CHILKOOT PASS TO LAKE BENNETT

The company are now making contracts for the transportation of freight in bond from Dyea to Lake Lindermann. Contracts made here have precedence over all contracts made in Alaska. Those who wish to avail themselves of these facilities and avoid delay and the trouble incidental to Customs business should contract at once.

For rates and particulars apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
AGENTS,
64 Government Street

CHAS. HAYWARD

Funeral Director and Embalmer

92 Government St., Victoria

The Largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, JULY 3, 1898.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

THE BIG 4

For Progress

Hon. J. H. Turner
H. D. Helmcken. Q.C.
Richard Hall
A. E. McPhillips,

FOR PROSPERITY

B.C. FIRST

THE GERMAN EMPEROR.

The action of the German Emperor in sending a squadron of ships to Manila has occasioned a good deal of comment and was deemed so significant by Lord Salisbury that he recently took occasion formally to notify Germany that it must refrain from interfering between the United States and Spain. The Emperor appears anxious to have his finger in every pie, but, before he is condemned for this desire, it is well to look a little at the matter from his own standpoint.

Kaiser Wilhelm II. is no ordinary man. The responsibilities of dominion were thrown upon him at a comparatively early age, for it was in his 29th year that he succeeded to the imperial crown of Germany. Perhaps it is not correct to say that responsibilities were thrown upon him, for, in point of fact he hastened to assume them, taking good care from the very outset to make it evident that he proposed to be Emperor in fact as well as in name. The habit of his critics was to represent him as a young man whose mental balance was not very well adjusted. He has a physical infirmity which partially disables one of his arms and it was alleged that this affected his mind as well. He certainly has displayed many eccentricities, and has assumed a position in regard to his people which would certainly be considered evidence of unsoundness of mind on the part of a British ruler, but later acts in his career suggest that the explanation of these extraordinary characteristics may be simply the outcroppings of a genius for government, and that William II. may play a greater part in the affairs of mankind than even the most illustrious of his predecessors. It took a strong man to displace Bismarck and play the extraordinary game which followed the deposition of the Iron Chancellor. It was no ordinary man who asserted on so many occasions the divinity of his right to rule Germany and claimed from the army not simple loyalty to their country, but personal devotion to himself and his family. The description given of him by many people, that he was a belated survivor of the Middle Ages, seemed to fit him remarkably well, but, like many clever things, it only told half the truth. His ways may be those of the Middle Ages. His sentiments may be more in touch with the ideas of past centuries than of the present, but the fact remains that he stands at the head of a united Germany and, notwithstanding the extreme claims which he has made for his dynasty as a personal attribute and not simply a trust held for the people, shows either that he knew Germany better than his critics, or that by a happy accident he struck a chord which met with a response in the hearts of the German people.

It has long been understood that the Emperor desired to extend the dominion of Germany beyond the seas. It must not be forgotten in this connection that he is a grandson of Her Gracious Majesty, and, as a matter purely of curiosity, it may be mentioned that he makes an academic claim to being the direct heir to the British throne. He is understood to claim that under the law of Great Britain the crown passes to the eldest child of the sovereign and not to the eldest son, and, therefore, that his mother is entitled to the throne of the British Empire after the decease of Her Majesty and that, consequently, he himself is second in descent. To whatever extent he may entertain this view, there is no doubt about his being so great a stickler for the rights of primogeniture that he regards himself as having priority over his uncle, the Prince of Wales, who is, as we all know, the second child of Her Majesty. This, however, possesses only curious interest. We have passed the days when there are likely to be wars over the succession to the British crown, and we may be very sure that whatever other ambitions the Emperor may cherish, he does not anticipate the advent of a day when he shall divide his time between the Court of St. James and the Court of Berlin. The only interest which this fact has is because it shows that naturally the Emperor has come to regard a policy of extra-European imperial expansion as an object to which the whole energy of Germany should be directed. That he contemplates the erection of a great empire beyond the seas is not open to question. He has given evidence of it by acquiring territorial rights in China. It was this desire which prompted him to send the sympathetic telegram to President Kruger. He had at that time no intention of going to war on account of the Transvaal; but in the event of the Transvaal going to war on its own account, he thought it well to pave the way for an appeal from that republic to Germany for protection. He is extremely hostile to the Monroe Doctrine and will view with great disfavor the expulsion of Spain from her American possessions because he realizes that this would be an effectual barrier to his cherished desire of acquiring territory in South America. There is a portion of Brazil, now in part colonized by Germans, that would make a splendid dependency of a European power, and in the next shaking of the South American dice box, it was possible that some curious things might happen which are not now likely to occur, seeing that the United States will be in a position to prevent any European power acquiring new territory on this hemisphere, and will be backed by Great Britain if necessary. The appearance of his squadron at Manila is simply an imitation of the British practice of employing the naval arm in such a manner as to add to the prestige of the country. He will not interfere with Admiral Dewey, because that would precipitate very serious complications.

We are disposed to regard the Emperor as a man with large ambitions, but one who is anxious to realize them, if he can, without resorting to war-like means not that he is fearful of the result of an appeal to arms under circumstances where the conditions are at all equal, but he is with all his strange combination of qualities a deeply religious man who feels towards his people much as a father feels towards his children. He is a good husband and father in his own family relations. The faintest breath of scandal has never been whispered against him. If his ideas appear somewhat antiquated in form, they are at least lofty in sentiment. In short, Kaiser Wilhelm II. must be reckoned with as one of the greatest men of his time, and as likely on the whole to exercise the great powers which are vested in his hands in a manner that will commend itself to his conscience and not simply for the purpose of gratifying personal ambitions.

AN OPPOSITION SCOLD.

The Columbian refers to the government as "the arrogant, ignorant, impudent, petty despots who have mis-ruled this fair province so long." Now, we want intelligent men, whether they support the Hon. Mr. Turner or not, to read that quotation over carefully and ask themselves what they think of the newspaper that would print such a statement about the provincial government, and of the party that resorts to such appeals to influence voters. The Colonist dislikes nothing more than a reference to personality of any gentleman connected with a newspaper, but it cannot refrain from expressing astonishment that any man who thinks himself fit to conduct a serious newspaper would be capable of so great a misconception of how intelligent people regard the issues of the day as to print such utterly indefensible expressions. One wonders if he knows the meaning of words.

The Colonist does not think for one moment that such expressions used toward the provincial ministers will influence a single vote, and in referring to them in a slight detail, it does so simply to bring out the littleness of the Columbian's conduct. "Arrogant" is one of the terms which it applies to Mr. Turner and his colleagues. Now, we suppose if it would be possible to collect in British Columbia five gentlemen to whom the word arrogant does not apply, they are collected together in the minister. Than the Premier, it is impossible to find a man who is more easy to approach, who is more thoughtful of the feelings of others, who is more kindly in this treatment of friends and opponents, who is freer from any assumption of personal superiority and who is more cordially liked by everyone who knows anything at all about him. Col. Baker is as courtly and considerate a gentleman as one would care to meet. He does not possess those tricks of manner which render a man extremely popular, being rather reserved,, but it must be remembered that he is a gentleman well on in years and to expect him to be as frisky as a kitten is certainly unreasonable; but any man who says he is arrogant simply does not know what the word means. The arrogance of Mr. Martin—well arrogance in connection with Mr. Martin is a suggestion so ridiculous that we think we will say nothing more about it. Nor does the adjective apply to Mr. Eberts, who is blunt and out-spoken and appreciates bluntness and plain talk from those who come in contact with him as much as any man we ever saw. Mr. Pooley is rather more reserved in his manner than the majority of people, but it is by no means the reserve of arrogance. Many people mistake a desire on the part of a man not to intrude himself upon others for a feeling of exclusiveness. The Colonist recalls an instance of a very prominent eastern business man who said that one of the greatest misfortunes of his life was that his personal shyness and unwillingness to unduly interfere in the affairs of the others was, in 99 cases out of 100, explained as a result of pride. The application of the word "ignorant" to these gentlemen, any one of whom is probably quite as well informed—to say the least—on any subject that can be suggested, except the art of slinging abuse, as the Columbian, only needs to be spoken of to render its unseemliness manifest. Take the other adjective, "impudent." Fancy the chief organ of a political party applying such an adjective to gentlemen who are administering the affairs of British Columbia! As to the rest of the quotation, we simply ask readers to peruse it once more and then remember that it is the consensus of opinion of everyone who has watched the affairs of British Columbia that it is one of the best ruled portions of the British Empire.

SOME ISSUES FOR THE OPPOSITION.

The latest objection to the return of the Hon. Mr. Turner is based upon the fact that he signed a petition, some eight or ten years ago, praying for the removal of the Metlakahtla Indians from a point unquestionably in this province to a point in the territory in dispute between the United States and Canada. The facts of the case are, briefly, that the spiritual adviser of the Indians was unable to work in harmony with the Episcopal church authorities in British Columbia, and it was thought by a great many people, Hon. Mr. Turner and Mr. D. W. Higgins among others, that it would be better for them to be allowed to go elsewhere where they could worship without interference, and so it was done. As our opposition friends have brought this matter out as a reason for the defeat of Mr. Turner, we suggest that some other subjects might be discussed with profit at their meetings and we particularly recommend them to the consideration of Mr. Archer Martin, who in his late work on the Hudson's Bay company, has displayed so keen an appreciation of antiquities. There is, for example, that great question, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" This has agitated the minds of the people for a long time, and we think that Mr. Martin, if he will apply his industry and attention to the matter for a little while, will have no difficulty in discovering that Mr. Turner did. Then there is that alleged conondrum which Horace asks in one of his odes. The classical soul of the Times will appreciate it. It occurs in a line beginning this way: "Qui fit Macenas;" and ending "ut nemo," and which the school boy translated "Who made Macenas," and answered, "Why nobody." The boy was mistaken. It was the Turner government that made Macenas, as Mr. Martin will discover if he bends his giant intellect to the matter for sufficient length of time. Then we remember the problem of squaring the circle, which vexed the philosophers of ancient days. Now, Mr. Martin will discover, if he applies his grey matter to the task, that the solution of this question lies in Mr. Turner's inside pocket, where it has been kept with malice aforethought these many years. Doubt has long existed as to the object of the ancient Egyptians in erecting the Sphinx. We tell Mr. Archer Martin that he may yet have the glory of discovering that Mr. Turner knows and won't tell. Then there is the flood. There has always been doubt as to who was responsible for the deluge. Imperishable evidence can be discovered if Mr. Martin will only delve deeply enough into the archives, that it was the failure of the Turner government to introduce a proper dyking system that caused it, and therefore the government should be ignominiously turned out of power. We do not know whether Mr. Archer Martin will be able to subpoena Noah as a witness, but there are a few ancients in the opposition ranks who may be able to help him out. Then there is another mystery which occurred long ago in a garden, in which a lovely woman and a snake played a part, but we will forbear to inquire into this as it brings up the question of apples, and we might be understood as casting reflections upon one of those gentlemen for whose election Mr. Martin is so diligently working.

RELIGION AND ORTHODONY.

An Eastern paper cites a mechanic as saying, "I find myself becoming every year less orthodox and more religious." To some this will seem like a contradiction in terms, but in point of fact it is not; and, moreover, it may be fairly illustrative of the tendency of society. People are unquestionably very much less orthodox than they were 25 years ago, and still less so than they were in the early part of the present century. The strictly orthodox, that is when judged by the tests that our grandfathers would have applied, are growing fewer every year. There is a marked refusal on the part of the masses to accept the dictum of ecclesiastical authority for theological propositions. Men in every branch of the Christian church are rounding off the sharp corners of theological creeds. What people a few generations ago accepted literally are now explained spiritually; and when once a beginning is made of explaining things away in this fashion, the end is not in sight. But while this is true, will anyone say that the world is less religious now than it was half a century ago? We hear of more wickedness than we used to, but our facilities for hearing of events are greater than they were. Society may be likened to a field, the surface of which was at one time fair to look upon while beneath there lurked the germs of all manner of diseases which made their way through the surface and rendered the atmosphere poisonous above. Through this surface the plough-share has been run and it has been opened to the sun-light and the air of heaven. Beneath it drains have been laid. They are drawing away the stagnant, poisonous waters. The ploughing process is not a very pleasant one; the outflow of the drains is not pleasant to the eye or to the nostril; but we know that a great improvement is going on and that in the end the land will yield better crops and be free from miasma. So the social world is being ploughed and turned by newspapers. It is true that many of the most conspicuous newspapers, in America at least, are like scavenger carts—abounding with all manner of nastiness; but in the economy of life scavenger work has to be done and

scavengers are necessary to do it. The world is growing better. War is robbed of many of its terrors by the Red Cross Society. Men who have reached the meridian of life will recall how in their younger days insane persons were allowed to wander about the country, or were beaten and subjected to all manner of duress and harsh treatment, so that to be once insane meant almost invariably insane. Now we have our hospitals for their care. We have ceased to speak of them as lunatics and of the places in which they are cared for as asylums. We treat them simply as unfortunate people, laboring under a disease which is in many cases curable. In our own city, as one drives through the streets there are seen such institutions as old ladies' homes, an old men's home, and others, showing that orphans are cared for, greet the eye. These things were not so a generation ago; and, surely, when society has undertaken to care for destitute little children and for old men and women who are unable to take care of themselves, it is getting nearer to the kingdom of God. There is much more work to do than ever before, because we realize now more than ever we did how much there is to be done. Thus that though to some the world may seem worse than it once was, the truth doubtless consists in the fact that the work of reformation has only fairly begun and that we have learned how necessary reformation is. No doubt the friends of Hercules, when he had begun his work of cleansing the Augean Stables, told him that he was making matters very much worse than they had been. So we think that the world, like the Eastern mechanic, though very much less orthodox than it used to be, is more religious; and there is this satisfaction which the churches may claim, that their great Founder was judged from the standpoint of His contemporaries, the High Priests, the Pharisees and the Sadducees to be so utterly orthodox that they deemed Him worthy of death.

The Times thinks that it has caught the Colonist because this paper said that "of serious argument there has been nothing whatever" in the opposition press, whereas in a former issue it had said "The Times makes its first serious contribution to the literature of the present campaign by asking a series of questions." The Times is just a little too cute. There is a difference between a serious argument and a series of questions seriously asked. There is an old saying that "any fool may ask questions," and Mr. Bengough, the cartoonist, is authority for the proposition that "the most serious man is the fool."

The Times seeks to drag a red herring across the scent by pretending that when the Colonist yesterday exposed its miserable record of slander against the province, the reference was to what it said about the Stikine river. The Times knows that its explanation is not true. It knows that it categorically alleged that the credit of British Columbia business men was not as good abroad as those of other business men. It knows that it is guilty of all the Colonist charged.

The chief argument employed by the opponent of the Hon. Mr. Martin in Kamloops is that Mr. Martin once had a Chinaman in his employ. Unless Mr. Deane is most scandalously misrepresented—and we make the statement publicly so that he may deny it if he wishes—the money on which he is running his present campaign is subscribed by Mr. Samuel M. Robins, manager of the Vancouver Coal Co., and one of the most extensive employers of Chinese labor on the continent. The money which Mr. Robins makes out of the hundreds of Chinese whom he employs is freely distributed to defeat Hon. G. B. Martin in order that he may be punished for the fact that when he was away from home his famly employed a Chinaman to work in the garden without his knowledge. There is a remark made in regard to the rarity of consistency which seems applicable at this present time, but the thought just occurs that possibly it is for discharging Chinese and not for employing them that Mr. Robins is contributing to the defeat of Mr. Martin.

Down in East Yale the opposition are claiming that the beginning of work on the road from Penticton to Boundary is only an election dodge. As the Vernon News says, contractors do not put up $75,000 in security and spend many thousands more in getting plant on the ground to secure a few votes for a government from which they have nothing to ask more than has already been granted. But the ways of the oppositionist press are past finding out.

The Westminster Sun says that Mr. Macpherson, of Vancouver, admits that the government will be returned to power but claims they will have a decreased majority. Mr. Macpherson is right in the first part of his proposition, but wrong in the second, for the government will have a greater majority than ever.

ELECTORS, RISE UP IN YOUR MIGHT AND STRIKE DOWN THE PARTY OF ANNEXATION, STAGNATION, RETROGRESSION AND REPUDIATION.

The Rosland Leader, the organ of the opposition party there, owned and edited by an American citizen, finds fault with Hon. Mr. Turner for asking British Columbians to take a stand with him upon a British Columbian platform, and claims that he is disloyal to Canada. We hardly think that Mr. Turner needs to go to school to the Leader to take lessons in loyalty. The hostility of the opposition to the demand for fair play is astonishing. There is one good thing about it. Their attitude will make the verdict of the people for Mr. Turner and his ministry all the more significant.

On the requisition from the voters of Comox asking Mr. Dunsmuir to be a candidate appears the name of Mr. McAllan, who is running against him. Mr. McAllan is also an employee of R. Dunsmuir & Sons, but that does not appear to make the least difference. The latter is exactly as it should be; but it is rather hard to explain away the fact that Mr. McAllan asked Mr. Dunsmuir to offer and pledged him his support.

The Weekly News, published at Cumberland, V. I., says that if the Coast-Teslin road is built the E. & N. railway will be extended to the northern end of the island in a hurry. It is quiet likely that the News speaks with authority in this matter. It is to be hoped so, for such a step would give more satisfaction to a great many people in Victoria and elsewhere on the Island than the construction of the Coast-Teslin road itself.

Just as Joseph Martin, of Winnipeg, never brought to trial a second time the suit in which Mr. Justice Patterson, of the Supreme court of Canada, said a good deal of evidence had been given, which, if believed, showed him to be guilty of corruption, so he has never recanted his annexation creed. Every vote for an opposition candidate is a vote for Joseph Martin for premier.

So Germany, France and Russia are going to act in concert in regard to the Philippines. They each want a slice of the pie. If Brother Jonathan takes after his uncle, John Bull, the European powers will be told that what he has he'll hold.

Mr. Paterson, opposition candidate in North Victoria, is furious with the government for taking up the V. V. & E. project. Why? Because Mr. Paterson is interested in a charter for a railway from Point Roberts to Abbotsford, there to connect with the C.P.R.

To-day's events at Santiago may have a mighty effect upon the character of to-morrow's celebration in the United States.

It is one man, one vote in British Columbia and a voter can only vote where he is registered.

Joseph's political coat is of many colors.

POPULATION OF BRITISH COLUMBIA DOUBLED IN 7 YEARS; 1886-1887 REVENUE $540,398 INCREASE; 1896-1897, REVENUE $1,383,048, 253 PER CENT.

When any part of the body isn't doing the work that nature intended it to do, it puts the whole system out of tune—out of harmony. Sickness in one part of the body is likely to run into all parts of the body. When children stand a row of bricks on end, they knock the whole row down by upsetting one brick. That is exactly what happens to the health when the bowels fail to perform their proper function. Constipation makes trouble all along the line—puts the liver out of order, is bad for the kidneys, bad for the stomach. It holds in the body poisonous matter, and because it cannot go any place else, it gets into the blood. The blood carries it all over the system. That makes sluggishness, lassitude, bad breath and foul smell in the mouth, fills the stomach with gas, and causes windy belching, stops digestion in the stomach, causes sour stomach, heartburn and headache. You can avoid all such trouble, for Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and its attendant evils.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for his "Medical Adviser." It is a book of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated.

PERSONAL.

John Pawson, the Nanaimo capitalist, is in the city.

G. W. Richardson and wife, of Rossland, are registered at the Driard.

Mrs. A. P. Sheldon, of Portland, is visiting relatives in the city.

Dr. T. L. Davis, of Nanaimo, is in the city.

Thomas O'Connell, formerly chief of police of Nanaimo, came down on yesterday's train.

Mrs. T. Collins and Mrs. J. Byrn leave by the Queen for California.

Miss Lillian R. Smith, daughter of United States Consul Smith, arrived yesterday from Rockford, Ill.

A. W. Vowell, superintendent of Indian affairs, has left for Hazelton on official business.

HEADACHES RELIEVED IN ONE MINUTE.

Griffith's Magic Liniment relieves headaches the minute applied. Apply it to the forehead and temples, then inhale freely in the manner directed in the circular around the bottle. No other liniment is so valuable to the house as this remedy. 25 cents, by all druggists.

B. C. CREDIT ON A PAR WITH DOMINION CREDIT.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Canadian Yukon Gold Fields

The BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862

Arrangements have now been completed through the Canadian Bank of Commerce enabling this Bank to issue Letters of Credit, Drafts, Etc.,

Direct on DAWSON CITY,

(KLONDIKE.)

The Centre of the Yukon Gold Bearing District.

FOR ST. MICHAEL'S AND YUKON RIVER

BRITISH AMERICAN LINE

S.S. GARONNE, (4,000 Tons)

Capacity, 800 passengers, 4,000 tons Freight Will leave Victoria

JUNE 20th, JULY 20th, AUGUST 20th,

Connecting with

River Steamers, Robt Kerr, City of Chicago, Paul Walters, Lulu, Stewart and Mascott. For full particulars apply to

Dodwell Carlill & Co., 64 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

Or to E. W. McGinnis, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

Frank Waterhouse, Burke B'ding, Seattle, Wash.

DON'T GO

To Klondike Without an

ALBION STOVE

WE HAVE

MINERS'

Folding Deflecting Stoves
Strong Sheet Steel Stoves
that are made to last . . .
Combination Cooking and
Heating Stoves of Special
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Each Stove Has Pipe and a Bake Pan Packed Inside

ALBION IRON WORKS CO.,

Limited Liability

Seagram's Whisky and "Thistle Blend"

SOLE AGENTS:

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ld.

You have a house to paint and want a first-class article at a moderate cost then ask your dealer for

The Canada Paint Co's

READY .. MIXED .. PAINTS

We do not believe in writing Fairy Tales like some of our competitors, but we firmly believe in giving the best value at lowest cost. Some people spend all their efforts in advertising, and while we believe in the judicious use of this means of developing trade, we first and foremost trust to the quality of our goods, and it is to the soundness of this policy we attribute the great success that has attended us all over the Dominion.

THE CANADA PAINT CO., LD.

The Leading Paint, Varnish and Color House in Canada

Collegiate School

41 Burdett Ave.

VICTORIA, B. C.

STAFF:

J. W. Laing, M.A. [Oxon.)

Principal.

Revd. C. Ensor Sharp, M.A. (Cantab.)
Revd. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.)

Moderate terms for day scholars and boarders. Boys received from 8 years of age and upwards.

Apply to Principal.

A-O-U-W. HALL.

George H. L. Barr, Manager

COMMENCING JUNE 28

The Imperial Stock Company

Headed by the talented young actress

Miss Josephine Friel.

Change of Bill Every Other Night. A Reserved Seat for 25, 35, and 50c. Seats on Sale at J. D. Warren's, 11 Trounce Avenue

Nest Egg & Firefly Gold Mining Co., Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the annual general meeting of shareholders of the above company will be held at 3 p.m. on Tuesday, July 5, 1898, in Room 2, No. 28 Broad street, Victoria, B. C.

The transfer books will be closed from June 30th to July 5th. By order.

A. K. MUNRO, Sec.-Treas.

Bicycle Knickers
$1.50, $2, $2.50

Bicycle Suits
$4.50, $5, $6.50

Bicycle Hose
50c., 75c., $1

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS, HATTERS and OUTFITTERS
97 to 99 Johnson St., Victoria

NOTICE.

Klondikers and others travelling in the north will find the Colonist on sale at the following places:—
Fort Wrangel..... ....Wrangel Drug Co.
" " ....F. M. Zimmerman
Skagway.... ....J. H. Hyde
Dyea..... ....Eugene Stahl

FOR SALE.

Business Property on Gov't. and Yates St.

—ALSO—

Choice Residential Property on Blanchard, Princess Ave., Burnside Road and Gorge Road.....

No reasonable offer refused.
Easy Terms.

HEISTERMAN & CO.
75 Government Street.

THE CITY.

Drink Blue Ribbon Coffee. *

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental. *

Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates $2 upwards. *

The field outing of the Natural History Society has been postponed until July 1.

The Badminton, Vancouver; management, John Creedon. Strictly first-class. Rates, $2 upwards. *

Ye Olde Englyshe Garden Fayre at the grounds of the Y. W. C. A., Rae street, on July 6th. *

Fruit jars at Cheapside. *

Removed—Dr. A. E. Verrinder, to the corner rooms, Five Sisters block, entrance No. 13, over C.P.R. office. *

The Hotel Butler, Seattle, is the headquarters for Victorians, and the Colonist will be found on sale at the hotel news stand. *

Carpenter Tools at Cheapside. *

Egg Dividers—separating the white from the yoke. Up-to-date housekeepers cannot afford to divide in the old risky way any more. Call and inspect at E. J. Saunders & Co. *

A splendid line of cloth bound books at 25c. just to hand. Call and see them. The Victoria Book & Stationery Co., (late Jamieson's). *

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take. *

Cyclists Beware! what you drink. Call at the Half-Way House (late Stevens'). A good dinner, a poem in drink, a luxurious cigar. All at city prices. *

Important Election Notice.—Plump for to assist Tourists' Retreat, half way house, Saanich Road. Come Saturday evening and stop until Monday morning. $2.50 *

What This? Stevens' Hotel and Tourists' Retreat on the Saanich Road, six miles from the city. Open under new proprietorship. First class liquors and cigars. *

MINERS.

Get your sheath knives, compasses, money belts, chamois bags,, camping cutlery, mining glasses, fishing tackle, etc., from Fox's, 78 Government St. *

GOVERNMENT MEETING, ELECTORS CORDIALLY INVITED, THURSDAY, 7TH JULY, AT JOHNS BROS.' HALL.

The city police returns for the month of June show the following list of offenses: Stealing, 7; drunk, 19; cruelty to animals, 1; murder, 1; infraction street by-law, 6; assault, 2; supplying intoxicant to Indians, 1; infraction bread by-law, 2; malicious injury to property, 1; infraction bicycle by-law, 1; forgery, 1; vagrancy, 2; indecent exposure, 1; infraction revenue by-law, 2; infraction liquor regulation act, 2. Besides the above, five came to the city lockup for lodgings, two were detained as necessary witnesses and one was brought for safe keeping.

Stylish Hats, choice patterns in Shirts and Neckwear, at W. & J. Wilson's.

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside. *

Yesterday was observed as a general holiday, all the public offices and banks being closed.

GOVERNMENT MEETING, FAIRALL'S HALL, VICTORIA WEST. HON. J. H. TURNER, HELMCKEN, HALL AND McPHILLIPS, WEDNESDAY, 6TH JULY.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for holding the Foresters' reunion have made good progress. The Caledonia grounds have been engaged for Saturday, 23rd of July, and the various sub-committees have been detailed off and are actually at work. A good programme is assured by those in charge, who say it will be a revival of the old-time picnics, once so popular in Victoria.

A session of the city police court was held yesterday morning. Richard Sewell was fined $55 or three months for supplying liquor to Indians; Jack, a Nitinat Indian, who was supplied by Sewell and was caught with the bottle in his possession, was fined $25 and $4 costs for one month; an Indian drunk was fined $5 and $1 costs or twelve days, and a white drunk, first offence, was convicted and discharged. The hearing of the charge against Mrs. Johnson for assaulting Mr. Rule, was adjourned until Friday next.

ELECTORS COME AND HEAR HON. J. H. TURNER, HELMCKEN, HALL AND McPHILLIPS AND OTHERS AT ODDFELLOWS' HALL, SPRING RIDGE, TUESDAY, 5TH JULY.

Capt. Allwen, of the Northern Pacific steamship Columbia now on the Sound, arrived here on the City of Kingston yesterday morning to meet his betrothed, Miss Woods, of Sydney, N.S.W., who has been in the city now for the last six weeks. The marriage was to have taken place on the arrival of Miss Woods from the South, but obstacles lay in the way. Capt. Allwen was then mate of the Tacoma and Capt. Gow was captain of the Columbia. The Columbia was ready to sail, Capt. Gow was sick and so the matrimonially inclined skipper had to hurry away for the Orient in charge of the Columbia the very day before his fiancee arrived at Victoria.

B. C. FIRST, LAST AND ALWAYS, THE MOTTO OF HON. J. H. TURNER, HELMCKEN, HALL AND McPHILLIPS, AT VICTORIA THEATRE, FRIDAY, 8TH JULY.

At the annual meeting of the Baptist church the following officers were elected for this year: Deacons, W. H. Beatty, D. McMillan, D. G. Walker, A. Galbraith, C. R. King, Mrs. Captain Grant and A. B. McNeill; treasurer, J. H. Rogers; financial secretary, A. B. McNeill; envelope clerk, A. Galbraith; church clerk, Miss Bessie Walker; Sunday school superintendent, A. B. McNeill; Burnside road superintendent, Angus Galbraith; Victoria West, Mr. Cassey. The reports presented showed prosperity in all branches of the church work and a total membership at present of 267, there having been 41 received into baptism and 22 by letter and experience during the past year. The collections were shown to total $3,640.70, of which amount the church proper contributed $2,766.10; the Sunday school, $364.20, $528.40 having been raised from other sources. In another report the Sunday school was shown to have a membership of 268 scholars and to have an average attendance of 215.

ELECTORS, CHOOSE BETWEEN LOVERS OF OUR STAR PROVINCE AND RETROGGENISTS AND ANNEXATIONISTS.

The Dominion Educational Association, of which Hon. James Baker is vice-president, is to hold a convention in Halifax, N.S., from the 2nd to the 5th of August, when representative educationalists from all parts of the Dominion will be in attendance. This is the third convention of the association. In previous years it has been held in Montreal and Toronto. Although, of course, nothing has as yet been arranged as to the next meeting, it is expected that Victoria will be selected, at least, Superintendent Eaton, of the city schools, who has been asked to read a paper on civics, will, it is understood, bring his influence to bear towards accomplishing the desirable end. Special rates will be given all those attending, the smaller railways offering free return transportation and the larger ones from one-third to two-thirds of a reduction conditionally on fifty or more "taking in" the trip. This is taken to apply not alone to the province, but to all points on the C. P. R.

PROSPERITY FOR HOME AND COUNTRY VS. STAGNATION AT VICTORIA THEATRE, FRIDAY, 8TH JULY. HON. J. H. TURNER, HELMCKEN, HALL, McPHILLIPS AND OTHERS WILL TAKE PART.

200 Boys' School Suits, $1.50 and 2.00 per suit. 150 pairs Knickers, 35c, 50c and 65c per pair. B. Williams & Co.

Golf Hose, Leather & Elastic Belts
Golf Caps, Bicycle Caps,
The Latest Patterns in Sashes Just Arrived.
SAM REID, 122 Gov't Street.

TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH.

Large Number of Victorians Will Visit the Sound Cities To-Morrow.

Several hundred Victorians will celebrate the fourth of July at Seattle. The City of Kingston, which leaves the outer wharf at 7 this morning, and the C.P.N. wharf in the evening, will on each occasion carry a full complement of passengers, and the North Pacific leaving at noon will likewise take a large number. Fifty men from each of the three companies of the First battalion, Fifth Regiment, will go over on the Kingston in the evening, being joined at Vancouver by a similar number from the Second battalion of Vancouver and New Westminster. The Victoria companies will parade at 7 this evening and march to the steamer. Overcoats will be worn rolled and haversacks and forage caps will also be taken. The regiment will be under command of Lieut.-Col Prior.

The lacrosse team also goes over on the Kingston to meet the Vancouver team in Seattle to-morrow.

Others will as usual visit Port Angeles to-morrow, the steamer City of Nanaimo having been chartered for a number of trips during the day. The Maple Leaves will go over to meet the Port Angeles ball team.

Go to Port Angeles Monday on the "City of Nanaimo," leaving railway wharf at 8 a.m., 1:30 and 7 p.m.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

To Make Their Debut Before a Victoria Audience on the 14th Inst.

On Thursday, the 14th inst., the Philharmonic Society will give an orchestral concert in the Institute hall. Although this society practically makes its debut before the public, its conductor, Mr. F. Victor Austin, and the ladies and gentlemen assisting him are not unknown to Victorians, having already been associated in the production of Farmer's and Giorza's Masses. Since the performance of the last named work the orchestra have been diligently rehearsing and if the concert is given at a period somewhat late in the season the decision to do so has only been arrived at with the laudable intent that the orchestra shall appear at its best. The programme has been drawn up to meet the requirements of the season and is therefore short. The vocalists on this occasion will be Mrs. Green, of Nanaimo, who will make her first appearance at a concert in Victoria; Mrs. Janion, and Mr. Henry Moxon. Mr. E. A. Powell will also contribute a violin solo. The orchestra, which will be composed of thirty-five instrumentalists, in addition to providing accompaniments for all the solos, will be heard in several attractive numbers.

To spend a pleasant day on the 4th take your family to Port Angeles on steamer "City of Nanaimo." Fare, 50c round trip; children 25c.

Dr. Carlisle, of Philadelphia, is in the city. He came West to give evidence at the trial of Henry Claus, sentenced to death for the murder of Joseph Burns, having been at Glenora at the time of the murder and holding a post-morten examination on the bodies of Burns and Hendrickson. He arrived at Nanaimo just intime to give his evidence, having been delayed on the way, and although his statement was brief it was important. The trial of Claus was a very expensive one for the government, the expense of bringing Dr. Carlisle from Philapelphia being but a small portion of the expense. There were a number of men who had to be induced to give up their trip to the Yukon and who had to be brought from Glenora to Nanaimo. It shows, however, that in British Columbia no effort is spared to punish criminals.

"City of Nanaimo" makes three trips to Port Angeles, Monday 4th, leaving railway wharf at 8 a.m., 1:30 and 7 p.m.

A delicate operation will this morning be performed on George Snider, who was injured in the lacrosse match at Vancouver on Friday. The injuries were received purely by accident. Snider was running towards Wright, who had the ball, and being unable to stop himself, got in front of Wright just as he was making a throw. The stick struck the Victoria player on the side of the nose, cutting a piece right out. To-day's operation will consist of grafting a piece of flesh, from the injured man's arm, on to his nose. There was a good deal of unnecessary roughness in Friday's match, several of the Victoria players being more or less injured.

A HEALTHFUL SUMMER DRINK.

A teaspoonful of Abbey's Effervescent Salt in a tumbler of water, drawn from the tap, makes a delicious and healthful summer drink Sold by druggists everywhere. Every medical journal in Canada has endorsed Abbey's Effervescent Salt.

A GREAT BIG HOME.

The management of the Queen's Hotel in Montreal are making their guests feel so satisfied that ladies who have put up there say they were made to feel quite at home. A high tribute for Montreal's bijou fireproof house.

Mrs. Wachter, wife of Joseph Wachter, driver of the fire department hose reel, died yesterday. She was a native of Kentucky, aged 29 years. Besides her husband three young children survive her. The funeral will take place at 2 this afternoon from the family residence, 129 Fisguard street, and later from St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral.

SUCCESSFUL AT LAST.

"I was a sufferer from neuralgia in my side, and headaches. I followed numerous prescriptions without benefit and was persuaded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I had taken only one bottle I realized that it was doing me good and I continued taking it until I was cured." Mrs. Carrie Price, Georgetown, Ontario.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Can you do better than to select from the largest line of carpets in the province? Weiler Bros. *

A very large stock of wall paper; special quotations to storekeepers and other larger buyers. Weiler Bros. *

Dinnear sets, toilet sets, tea sets, fruit set, fish sets and all kinds of fancy china and glassware at Weiler Bros. *
glassware at Weiler Bros. *

Weiler Bros.' Manchester department is a success, for the simple reason that they give you excellent value for your money. *

DEATH OF G. W. A. LANGE.

An Old-Time Resident of the City Passed Away Yesterday Afternoon.

Gustav W. A. Lange, for upwards of thirty years a resident of Victoria, died yesterday afternoon after an illness extending over several years. About a year ago he underwent an operation, which had to be repeated on Friday. From the effects of this latter operation the deceased never recovered, his long illness having so greatly weakened him. Mr. Lange had led a very busy life. Leaving Berlin, near which city he was born close on 77 years ago, when a young man, he emigrated to America, and for a number of years travelled through the States, finally ariving in Victoria in 1859. His health failing him a few years later he went to Honolulu, and after spending a few years there went to the Amoor river in Siberia, where there was at that time a gold excitement. On the way there the ship in which Mr. and Mrs. Lange were travelling was wrecked and the passengers and crew landed on the coast of Japan. They continued their trip to Siberia on another vessel.

Late in the sixties the deceased returned to Victoria and resided here continuously until the time of his death. He started in a small way in the jewellery business, being a watchmaker by trade, and built up one of the largest business houses in the city. A widow and one daughter survive him.

The funeral will take place this afternoon from the family residence, Douglas street, under the auspices of Columbia Lodge, No. 2, of which he had been a member for 25 years.

those nights by political organizations, Bay last night a rather small house greeted the Imperial Stock Company at the A.O.U.W. hall, when "The Kentucky Thoroughbred" was produced. There will be no performance on Monday and Tuesday as the hall will be occupied on those nights by political organization, but Wednesday evening the company will reappear in "Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde."

The annual examination of candidates for certificates of qualification to teach in the public schools of the province will commence to-morrow in the South Park School, Victoria; High School, Vancouver, and public school, Kamloops. The examiners will be Dr. Pope, superintendent of education; Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, M.A., (Oxon.); Rev. W. D. Barber, M.A.; Rev. R. Whittington, M.A., B.Sc., and John W. Church, M.A.

Spiced Herrings

Mouthfuls of delicious goodness, are rolled into the Spiced Herrings at

15 Cents per Lb.

They are choice Herrings pickled in vinegar to which whole spices added, and cooked. Delicious and very wholesome.

D. R. POTTINGER,
THE IDEAL, 96 YATES STREET.

Summer Underwear.

Full time that men were buying Light Underwear. A man to keep cool must start with suitable underclothing. Now it's going in a hurry. Of course we're ready for lively selling. This list of prices tells the story.

Light Grey Cotton, 50c Suit.
" Pink " 75c "
Balbriggan " $1.00 "

Boys' Underwear in Canton Flannel, ribbed cotton and wool, 25 cents and 50 cents, instead of 50 cents and $1.00.

CAMERON.

The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier and Klondike Outfitter in Victoria, 55 Johnson St.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS.

Standards of the World.

Very Latest Models Just Received.

M. W. Waitt & Co. Sole Agents,
60 Government Street.

NOLTE
For CORRECT GLASSES
COME TO + US. +
FORT ST.

—THE—
B. C. COLD STORAGE & ICE WORKS.
Storage Department.
100,000 sq. feet of Storage.
Bonded. . . . . } Storage.
Ordinary. . . . . }
Cold. . . . . }
Negotiable Warehouse Receipts Issued. Advances Made.

ICE CREAM SODA
HALL & CO',
Dispensing Chemists :: Clarance Block
Cor. Yates and Douglas,

O'KELL & MORRIS'
PRESERVES and MARMALADES
Are the Purest and Best

...OAK BAY PARK...
SATURDAY EVEN'G, July 2nd

Grand Open Air Performance of Shakespeare's Beautiful Sylvan Comedy

"As You Like It."

Under the Personal Direction of Mr. Fred A. Cooper,

Presented by a company of artists of recognized ability, assisted by local amateurs. To conclude with a magnificent pyrotechnic display. The Fifth Regiment Band will be in attendance, and will render several selections new to Victoria audiences.

Cars will leave the city for the park and return every 10 minutes.

Admission,
(Including Seat in Grand Stand) 25c.

TOURISTS' RETREAT AND SANITARIUM
STEVENS HOTEL.
Fishing and shooting parties arranged for.
Cyclists' half-way house to Saanich.
The prettiest and healthiest spot in British Columbia.
Re-furnished and altered.
Six miles from town.
Table d'hote, a la carte, en suite.
The choicest wines, spirits and cigars.
Free Boats on the lake. Free Stabling
Horses Baited.
Special terms for families.
Stop-over from Saturday to Monday $2.50.
See time-table Sidney train, and get out at waterworks.
Telephone—"Waterworks."
EDWIN DAVIS, Prop.

NOTICE.

DECLARATION OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between E. M Lange and P. E. Lange, carrying on business as Lange & Co., jewellers, at 86 Douglas street, Victoria, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the said E. M. Lange retiring therefrom, and the business henceforth being carried on by the said P. E. Lange, who assumes all liabilities and assets. All parties having claims against the said firm are requested to send particulars of the same forthwith to the said P E. Lange, and all parties indebted to the same are requested to call and settle their accounts. Any persons who have left watches or jewellery for repairs or otherwise are requested to call for same within one month from this date.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1898.
Witnesses: E. M. LANGE.
J. B. BALLENTINE. P. E. LANGE.
J. P. WALLS.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of the application of Lionel Barnet Joseph and Josephus Barnet Joseph, formerly of Victoria, but now of London, England, for a Certificate of Indefensible Title to Victoria Town Lots Nos. one hundred and nine (109), one hundred and ten (110), one hundred and eleven (111), one hundred and thirty-nine (139), two hundred and eighty-one (281), three hundred and eighty-seven (387), four hundred and eighteen (418), four hundred and fifty-two (452), four hundred and seventy-seven (477), four hundred and seventy-eight (478), five hundred and sixty-three (563), five hundred and seventy-three (573), five hundred and seventy-four (574), six hundred and fifty-six (656), six hundred and fifty-seven (657), six hundred and sixty-one (661), six hundred and sixty two (662), six hundred and sixty-three (663), six hundred and sixty-four (664), six hundred and sixty-eight (668), six hundred and sixty-nine (669), six hundred and seventy (670), six hundred and seventy-one (671), and all that piece or parcel of land situate in Esquimalt District, being portion of Suburban Lot Forty (40), on the Official Map of said District, commencing at a point 561 links from the northeasterly corner of said lot, thence running westerly along the northerly line of the said lot to the northwesterly corner thereof, thence at right angles southerly ten chains and a half to the southwesterly corner of the said lot, thence at right angles easterly to a point ninety-one links distant from the southeasterly corner of the said lot, thence at right angles northerly to the place of beginning, and which said piece of land contains three acres one rood and thirteen perches, more or less.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to issue a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above lands to Lionel Barnet Joseph and Josephus Barnet Joseph on the first day of October next, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person having an estate or interest therein, or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., June 29th, 1898.

(American machines - - $120 00
EMPIRE Price - - - - 60.00
SAVE - - - - - $60.00
by purchasing an
Empire Typewriter
in place of other standard machines, and get a better machine.
Simplicity, Portability, Durability Visible Writing, Universal Keyboard.
Manufactured and guaranteed by
The WILLIAMS MFG. CO. Ltd.,
MONTREAL, P.Q.
For Sale by
THOMSON STATIONERY CO., Vancouver, B.C.

Str. B. BOSCOWITZ
WILL SAIL FOR
WRANGEL
And all Northern B. C. Ports
FROM PORTER'S WHARF,
Wednesday, July 6, at 8 p.m.
For freight and passage apply to J. D. Warren, 16 Trounce Avenue.

Goodness and Fashion Correctness and Newness
Neckwear For Ladies
The undermentioned Novelties just received and attracting great attention:
NEW PUFF TIES—Pique.
NEW PUFF TIES—Silk, Satin.
NEW FOUR-IN-HAND TIES—Satin.
NEW STOCK BOWS—Satin.
NEW BAND BOWS—Silk, Satin, Lawn.
NEW WHITE BOWS—Lawn, Satin.
NEW STRING TIES—Cambric, Satin.
Also Lace Collars and Collarettes, Silk and Lace Collars, Fichus, Etc.
THE WESTSIDE. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

...CAN YOU SEE...
If you cannot, then come and try our Spectacles and Eye Glasses which will give you the assistance you need. We have also a fine line of Opera Glasses, Field Glasses at moderate prices.
C. E. REDFERN
43 Government St.
Established 1862

GEO. POWELL & CO.
Cheapside, 127 Gov. St.
Granite Fruit Kettles
Crown Fruit Jars
Rubber Rings All Sizes
CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St.

The very newest in
DINNER SETS
ETC.
Excellent Colorings in Fine Art Decorations, including all the fashionable shades in Blue and Gold, Green, Brown, etc. Also
TOILET WARE
in similar colorings and original designs.
Weiler Bros.,
50 to 55 Fort Street

CREIGHTON & CO. Have Removed to No. 18 Broad Street. Opposite Driard Hotel
Where they are now showing all the latest shades and patterns in spring and summer woollens. All in want of a summer suit or nobby trousers ought to call and inspect our goods before ordering elsewhere, as we carry the largest stock to choose from at
LOW PRICES

We are the sole agents for the Pacific Coast for
FOUR CROWN SCOTCH WHISKY
Ex-Benicia, Allonby and Agnes Oswald
— — ALSO — —
Corby's Rye Whiskey
In Bond and Duty Paid
TURNER, BEETON & CO.

PREMIER IS GRATIFIED

Mr. Turner's Mainland Tour Just Completed Has Been a Great Success.

Kootenay Now One With the Coast Cities in Favor of the Government.

The people of Kootenay enter naturally into politics—not in the staid, business-like fashion altogether of their fellow citizens of the Coast, but rather with exhuberant enthusiasm of their cousins across the line. Perhaps it is the nearness of the great American republic that has resulted in certain of its political fashions finding their way across the ore-seamed mountains to impregnate the contest in this section of British Columbia. Perhaps the enthusiasm referred to is the natural birthright of the rough-and-ready, open-hearted mining community.

Whatever the cause, the effect has been noted by Premier Turner on his just-completed tour, in enthusiastic receptions everywhere that cannot but fill him with pride and satisfaction, indicating as they unmistakably do, the rapid growth in strength and popularity throughout the mining region, of the government and its methods and achievements.

Bands of music, flying colors, escorts and complimentary luncheons have been the rule everywhere, while no public man could ask or command more attentive or appreciative audiences than have been met with in the several towns.

The opposition, while whistling bravely to keep up their failing courage, have evidently reached a realization of the fact that their case in Kootenay is a bad one—for not only have they followed Mr. Turner everywhere with their strongest platform debater, Mr. Cotton, but within the last few days of his trip, gave that gentleman reinforcements in the persons of Mr. J. M. Kellie and Mr. Cliffe, the sage of Sandon.

When it is deemed necessary to enrol so numerous a company to oppose the Premier on the platform, surely it cannot but be taken as evidence of acknowledged weakness.

From Rossland's big meeting the Premier drove to the smelter town of Trail—so noteworthy among mining towns by reason of the rustic art displayed in all its charming little homes, and also by its marked domesticity as a town. Thence a return was made to Nelson, and on the Sunday, the little Angerona—once famous as a smuggler on the Straits of Fuca and on Puget Sound—conveyed Mr. Retallack and Mr. Turner up the lake to Pilot Bay, Ainsworth and Kaslo. There were no meetings of course at the silent smelter village or at Ainsworth, which enjoys the special distinction of possessing more interesting children than any other town or village in all the interior of the province.

At the Kaslo Auditorium an overflowing house listened to the Premier on Monday afternoon, and the following morning he passed on to address the very up-to-date cliff dwellers of Sandon, whose town—pinched in by the everlasting hills—is somewhat handicapped by natural environment, but apparently possesses a population of sufficient faith and determination to remove mountains if necessary in order to promote the desired expansion of their town. Picturesque New Denver smiled a welcome even through drizzling rain on Wednesday morning, and in the afternoon Slocan City turned out en masse to improve if possible upon the hospitality of the neighboring communities.

On Thursday the Premier spoke in the morning at Silverton and in the evening at Nakusp, the closing meeting of the Kootenay trip being indeed the most thoroughly and entirely government gathering on the entire circuit. He now goes direct to the Coast, stopping only at Kamloops, numerous delays through traffic interruptions by wind storms having necessitated the cancellation of engagements at several important points on the C.P.R. main line.

From the general cordiality of the people of Kootenay, as much as from the testimony of the government committees, two things are apparent: That the administration has grown immensely in popularity during the past four years, and the opposition will in consequence have cause to be thankful if they secure three or the five members in this avowedly opposition district.

Nor is Kootenay especially noteworthy in this regard. As the day of the election draws nearer, speculation changes in character. It is no longer a question as to which side will win, but how large will the government majority be? The Turner administration is unmistakably to have control of British Columbia's affairs for another term of four years at all events. Its policy, despite all the opposition may say in attempted depreciation, commends itself to the mass of the people, and the Coast towns are practically a unit for once.

As evidencing the unity of support in Rossland riding for the government candidate, Mr. John McKane, Q.C., it is noteworthy that his rival for the nomination, Dr. Edward Bowes, presided at the public meeting addressed by Premier Turner there—and no one urged Mr. McKane's election more strongly or more logically. Dr. Bowes' staunchest supporters were also on the platform—Mr. James Rawlings, Mr. W. B. Townsend and Mr. W. J. Nelson, Q.C.

The chairman explained the apparent incongruity of an independent-government candidate by declaring that the elected choice of Rossland should be pledged to "Kootenay first and party second." In local matters, freedom of action was most essential, but in general policy no true Kootenay man should be antagonistic to the Turner government.

Why? Because that government had shown its faith in the country, in the same manner as had the people of the War Eagle, the Le Roi and the Monte Cristo—who had put their money in the ground, not for an immediate return, but in confidence that the future would bring the due reward of their enterprise.

When an individual thus invested for the improvement of his property and his prospects it was called enterprise; when a government pursued a parallel policy he for one looked upon it as stamping that government worthy the support of progressive men. He took the Turner administration upon its record, and had no hesitation in saying to the men of the Rossland riding—these be the men it is safe for us to "tie to."

From Rossland Premier Turner drove down to the smelter town of Trail—a solid government stronghold—where Mr. Thomas Haughton presided at an enthusiastic afternoon meeting. It was here that the best joke of the campaign developed, and, to drop politics for the moment, here it is:

The citizens of Trail looked for the Prime Minister to arrive by the noon train from Rossland, and with a laudable desire to show so distinguished a guest due honor, they had prepared a sumptuous luncheon and then waited at the depot with a brass band to welcome him. In the meanwhile, all ignorant of these hospitable intentions, Hon. Mr. Turner with candidate McKane and Mr. W. B. Townsend was driven in by the road while Mr. Cotton made the solitary trip by rail.

When the opposition lieutenant alighted from the car, his heart was made glad and his ears surprised by the music of "Hail to The Chief," and a moment later he found himself in the hands of the reception committee. Grievous was their disappointment on learning that the Premier was not on board, and finally—in order that their labor might not be counted in vain, they suggested that Mr. Cotton might become their guest at the feast prepared for the Premier.

"If you really think it is a duty I owe to my country, I will eat the Premier's lunch, and drink the champagne that has been put on ice for him," said the heroic Vancouverite.

And he forthwith proceeded to the table, and did full justice to the spread, eloquently responding to the toast of Premier Turner, and "regretting exceedingly" the circumstances, etc., etc.

A few minutes later the Prime Minister arrived in person, explanations were made, and the electors listened to as forceful a presentation of the issues of the day as had been made in the course of the eventful campaign.

"We would have liked to have entertained you properly," said one of the most prominent residents as the Premier took his train a few hours later. "However, Mr. Cotton is welcome to the luncheon. I may console him for the fact that he, or his party rather, will not get the votes in this part of the country."

VAN HORNE INTERVIEWED.

C.P.R. President Speaks in London on British Columbia and Klondike Affairs.

During Sir William Van Horne's sojourn in London, the Daily News published the following interesting interview:

Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific railway, is now in London on a short visit. His position as railway king of Canada gives him almost unequalled facilities for measuring the opinions of his fellow citizens of the vast Dominion. When I met him at one of the largest West Central hotels our talk naturally drifted to the new relations arising between the Canadians and their immediate neighbors.

"What difference will the coming commission make to trade?" I asked. "May we look for a revival of the old plan of reciprocity that was in force in the later fifties?"

"I do not believe that the commission will deal directly with the tariff question, or that it will lead to any general scheme of trade reciprocity between Canada and the United States," Sir William Van Horne replied. "It's work, as I understand, will be to settle various matters which have caused more or less friction between the two countries, although no one of them is of much consequence to either country. It may lead to reciprocity in certain natural products. Canada has no need of general trade reciprocity, and does not wish it. I do not say that the people of Canada do not desire better trade relations with their neighbor. The present trade relations might easily be improved to the benefit of both countries. For instance, speaking generally, there is abundance of coal in the east and west of Canada, and there is a great lack of it in the east and west of the States. On the other hand there is an abundance of coal in the middle States, but a scarcity of it in the corresponding section of the Dominion. Therefore reciprocity in coal is clearly to the advantage of both parties; and the same is more or less true of various other commodities. The commission may lead eventually to an agreement concerning such things, including forest products, ores, etc.; but any general scheme of trade reciprocity, I do not anticipate."

"The Dingley tariff has not succeeded in materially injuring the commerce of Canada?"

"It was believed by many Americans until recently that the trade of Canada existed only through the good nature and tolerance of the United States. Well, the Dingley tariff practically excluded everything from Canada, except such of her products as the United States must have—lumber, pulp, wood, nickle ore, and some other items. But a year had passed, and Canada is more prosperous than ever. The Dingley tariff has only demonstrated that Canada is quite independent of the United States markets."

I mentioned the old stories of Canada being driven by the pressure of tariff rates to throw in her lot with the Washington government, but Sir William Van Horne picked me up sharply. "There has never been any overwhelming desire in Canada for commercial or any other kind of union," he said emphatically.

"Yet was not the Laurier government elected to secure tariff reform?"

"The Laurier government did not get in on the tariff question. Time after time, when the tariff was the issue, they were defeated. They apparently recognize this fact, for they have made no great changes in the tariff since they came into office. It was the Manitoban school question which brought them into power."

"Has the preferential tariff to Great Britain produced as great results as were expected?"

"It is too early to answer that question. The results of a tariff are not to be measured in a few months. The giving of a preferential tariff to the Mother Land met with the warmest approval of the Canadian people."

Talking of Anglo-American cordiality, Sir William Van Horne stated that Canadian sentiment towards the United States was exactly like that which now prevails in England—a feeling of hearty good-will. The Canadian sentiment to the United States has always been friendly, he maintains, and, as he puts it, "The present war with Spain will end the war of 1812."

"Turning to another point, Sir William, what of the future of British Columbia?"

"British Columbia has a great future befort it, and it is impossible for people at this distance to realize the immense strides it is taking. Its main sources of wealth are in its mines and its forests; and in the last three or four years its mining developments have been wonderful. There are, of course, the usual number of wild-cat schemes and bogus companies started by promoters to get the money of the unwary. These are the inevitable accompaniments of mining development everywhere. But an enormous amount of solid work is being done, and the condition of the country is such as to make mining easy and profitable. There is abundant water, and numberless water powers in the mining districts, and the power from these can be readily transmitted electrically to the neighboring mines and works. There are abundant timber supplies, and when the new railway through the Crow's Nest Pass is opened up, the supply of coal and coke for smelting will be very abundant and cheap. And there are large areas of agricultural land in the vicinity of the mining districts. And the climate is excellent; indeed, the whole province is becoming a health resort for consumptives and others."

"So we may look for a British Columbia boom in the near future?"

"It can hardly be called a 'boom' now; it is a matter of sound though rapid growth."

"Has the rush to Klondike greatly affected Canada?"

"No. A rush of forty or fifty thousand people from all parts of the world to the new gold fields is hardly great enough to affect the Dominion. The danger in the Klondike region is that people will go there too fast, and before the necessary facilities for supplying the country are provided, which would result in much suffering. Klondike certainly has a most promising outlook, and the deposits of alluvial gold seem to be unparalleled. But it will be there the same as in every other gold region. Some men will make fortunes, others will wish they had remained at home. It should not be forgotten that we have something better than a Klondike in the prairies of the Canadian Northwest, where last year most of the farmers got back from their one year's crop all that their lands and improvements ever cost them."

THE WEEK IN ROSSLAND.

Big Mines All Make Good Progress Reports—Six Hundred Tons Daily Shipping Capacity.

Rossland, July 2.—Ore shipments from Rossland for the week ending July 2 were: War Eagle, 1,328; Centre Star, 272; Iron Mask, 80; Monte Cristo, 32; total, 1,712 tons. The shipments were divided as follows: To Nelson, 160 tons; to Trail, 1,552 tons. Total shipments since January 1, 112,205 tons.

The Le Roi property has been undergoing active permanent development during the past week and everything has been placed in the best shape for the resumption of active mining. Fully half of the 240 men formerly employed will be put to work next week and shipments will be renewed to the Northport smelter at the rate of 200 tons per day.

The War Eagle company is carrying on development work with the utmost rapidity. Good ore continues to be met at all points where it is looked for.

Development work in the Centre Star is being done with splendid results.

The Iron Mask continues to expose very satisfactory ore.

Work on the Sunset Number Two continues very satisfactory at the east drift of the 300 foot level.

The camp can now ship about 600 tons of ore daily.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, July 2, 1898.

Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a.m.	52°	Mean 58°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m.	49°		5 a.m.—Calm.
9 a.m.	63°	Highest 59°	1 p.m.—18 S.
1 p.m.	65°	Lowest 49°	9 p.m.—12 S.
5 p.m.	62°		Clear. Rain .00. Sunshine 11h. 42m.
6 p.m.	56°		

Barameter 9 a.m... Observed.....30 154 Reduced.....30,105

Windsor Salt
Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

Should Women Smoke.

Isn't half such an important question as the query "Should women ride cheap hard running bicycles." Your doctor will tell you that the cheap bicycle is responsible for no end o trouble among womankind Cycling should never become violent exercise. While it should exhiliarate and invigorate it should never tire.
With the new '98 Red Bird Special, with its caged bearings and entire absence of friction, cycling becomes so delightfully easy that it saves doctor's bills instead of making them.
The price is $100, but it is certainly the cheapest in the long run as it almost saves its cost in repair bills.
A post card brings our catalogue.

THE... Goold Bicycle Co ...LIMITED
Brantford, Ont.
ONIONS & PLIMLEY, ...AGENTS VICTORIA, B.C.

THE CANDIDATES.

Government.	Opposition.
Alberni—Huff	Neill
Cariboo—Rogers	Kinchant
Hunter	Helgesen
(4) Cassiar—Irving and Clifford.	
Comox—Dunsmuir	McAllan
Cowichan—Robertson	Herd
Esquimalt—Pooley	Higgins
Bullen	Hayward
....	Harris
Kootenay East—	
North Riding—Nelson	Wells
South Riding—Baker	Baillie
Kootenay West—	
Nelson—Farwell (1)	Hume
Revelstoke—White	Kellie
Rossland—McKane	Martin
Slocan—Retallack	Green
Lillooet East—Stoddart	Prentice
Lillooet West—Smith	Peters
Nanaimo City—McGregor	McKechnie
Nanaimo N.—Bryden	Hillier
Nanaimo S.—Walkem	Smith
New Westminster—Henderson	Brown
Victoria City—Turner	Gregory
Helmcken	Belyea
Hall	Stewart
McPhillips	Beaven (3)
Victoria N.—Booth	Paterson
Victoria S.—Eberts	Yates
Vancouver—Garden (2)	Martin
Carroll (2)	Cotton
McDonald (2)	Macpherson
Bowser (2)	Tisdall
Westminster—	
Chilliwack—Turner	Munroe
Delta—Benson	Forster
Dewdney—McBride	Whetham
....	Sword
Richmond—McQueen	Kidd
Yale W.—McKay	Semlin
Yale N.—Martin	Deane
Yale E.—Ellison	Graham

(1) Independent, but opposing a pronounced oppositionist.
(2) Citizens' ticket, friendly to the government.
(3) Independent, but opposing government supporters.
(4) Nomination day has not been fixed for Cassiar.

John Kirkup has received the appointment of gold commissioner at Rossland and stipendiary magistrate for Kootenay.

Hon. D. M. Eberts will address the electors at the Agricultural hall, South Saanich, on Monday evening.

Shirley Onderdonk is a guest at the Driard.

CONSIGNEES.

By str. City of Kingston from the Sound: Wentworth Bros., B C. Market, Varo & B, M W Waitt & Co, T N Hebbln, Thompson, Sloy Co, S A Schooly, McFarlane, Irrle, C Templeton, D C McLaren, Albion Iron Works, W J Pendray, E G Prior, Weller Bros, Co. Inland Rev, P McQuaill, R A Brown & Co, Order.

PASSENGERS.

By str. City of Kingston from the Sound: R D Walker, Mrs F Hewitt, F R Wardle, C T Gundersay, H Downing, A B Oldershaw and wife, J T Richardson, Mrs W H Perry, M Faust, R Webb, R Galt, Mrs P Udolph, R Watson, J Wallace, Mrs Albert, Jno With, Jno Cameron, Jno Brady.

"In every town of any size," the Cumminsville Sage said, "there is to be found a public square, usually occupied by a court house and a private ring."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. TRADE MARK

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE
Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

TENDERS.

Highway Bridge Across the Thompson River at Kamloops, B. C.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to and including the 31st day of may next, for the supply and delivering at the site of the works all the piles required in connection with the construction of the above bridge.

Tenders must be addressed to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner, and indorsed "Tender for Piles, Kamloops Bridge."

Tenders must be accompanied, as security for the due fulfilment of the work, by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit equal to five per cent. of the total amount of the tender, made payable to the order of the undersigned, which will be forfeited if the successful tenderer fails to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenderers must also furnish the names of two sureties acceptable to the Department who are willing to execute a bond for the penal sum of two hundred dollars each for the due completion of the work.

Specifications can be seen on and after the tenth instant, at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, and at the office of the Government Agent, Kamloops. Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the printed forms supplied.

The Department is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department.
Victoria, B. C., 7th May, 1893. m8

..GLENORA..

The Terminus of the Cassiar Central Railway Co. on the Stikine River

The Company having acquired the whole of the land at Glenora has laid out a new Townsite and is now prepared to dispose of a limited number of lots.

These lots have been laid out in close proximity to the site of the Company's proposed Terminal Buildings and are in the most favourable situation.

Plans of Townsite and conditions of sale can be seen on a pplication at the office of the Company, 34 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C. By order

ALBERT F. GRIFFITHS, Secretary.

June 14th, 1898.

To Klondikers
"T. & B."
Myrtle Navy Plug Smoking Tobacco
Is almost exclusively used in the Canadian Yukon. You want the best Tobacco in that country, and there is none better than the old reliable "T. & B." Packed in suitable waterproof packages.

Esquimalt District MEETINGS

THE GOVERNMENT CANDIDATES

Hon. C. E. Pooley,

W. F. Bullen,

Will address the electors at the following places and dates:

ESQUIMALT—Blue Ribbon Hall, Wednesday, June 29, at 8 o'clock, p.m.

SOOKE—School House, Saturday, July 2nd, at 7 o'clock, p.m.

METCHOSIN—Agricultural Hall, Tuesday, 5th July, at 7 p.m.

Cheap Money.
If you are building a and want to Borrow
At 6 per Cent
or on the Repayment Plan,
Call upon us at once.
Beaumont Boggs & Co.
Established 1890.
20 BROAD STREET.

Theodore Davie, Deceased

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS,

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Theodore Davie, late of the City of Victoria, Chief Justice, deceased, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, to John B. McKilligan, Room 21, Board of Trade Building, Victoria, agent for Joseph Nicolaye and John Althoff, the executors of the will of the deceased, on or before the 23rd day of July next, after which date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Theodore Davie amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they have then had notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose claim the said executors have not had notice at the time of the distribution.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 20th day of April, A.D., 1898.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD.
Solicitors for the said Executors, Bank of Montreal Chambers, Victoria, B. C.

Directors from San Salvator, Nicaragua and Honduras, assembled at Managua to formulate the constitution of the federal union, have elected Senor Angelo Urrut president.

.....HOTEL AUSTRALIAN.....
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
Furnished Rooms by day or week, hot and cold baths. Ladies' drawing room, office upstairs.

FOR SALE.

The Attention of Persons Seeking Investments Is Called to This Advetisement.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of all or any of the following freehold properties in the city of Victoria, viz:

1. Part of lot 876, situate on Discovery street, between Douglas and Government streets, having a frontage on Discovery street of 18 feet by a depth of 120 feet more or less.

2. Part of lot 717, situate on Herald street, next to the Baptist church, and having a frontage on Herald street of 11 feet and a depth of 120 feet more or less.

3. Lots 28, 33, 34, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42, being sub-divisions of lots 68 and part of 73 Spring Ridge, Victoria—Lot 28 is situate at the corner of Spring Road and Princess avenue, having a frontage on Spring Road of 56 feet and a frontage on Princess avenue of 102 feet 3 inches. Lots 33 and 34 are situate on Princess avenue, each having a frontage thereon of 52 feet and a depth of 141 feet 3 inches. The remaining lots are situate on South Road, having each a frontage thereon of 52 feet, with a depth as to lot 38 of 142 feet 5 inches, as to lot 39 of 142 feet 8 inches, as to lot 40 of 143 feet, as to lot 41 of 143 feet 4 inches, and as to lot 42 of 143 feet 8 inches more or less.

4. Lot 702, Victoria, situate on the south side of Fort street and running through to Mears street, and having a frontage on Fort street and Mears street of 60 feet, and a depth of 120 feet. This property produces now a monthly rent of $10. It is being sold under a power of sale in a mortgage registered in the Victoria land registry office in charge book, vol. 6, fol. 287, No. 41,53B.

5. Subdivisions 14 and 15 being part of suburban five acre lots 8 and 13, situate on North Park street, and having for each lot a frontage of 100 feet on North Park street by a depth of 140 feet more or less. There is a dwelling house with seven rooms upon this property which is at present occupied by a monthly tenant. This property is being sold under the power of sale in a mortgage registered in the Victoria land registry office in charge book, vol. 10, fol. 85, No. 11,094B.

6. Part of suburban lot 2, Victoria City, situate at the southeast corner of Blanchard and Chatham streets, and having a frontage of 90 feet on Chatham street and 132 feet on Blanchard street. This property is being sold under the power of sale in a mortgage registered in the Victoria land registry office in charge book, vol. 9, fol. 650, No. 10,394B.

Tenders for the above property or for any one or more lots are to be sent to the undersigned at any time on or before the 3rd day of July, 1898. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated June 1, 1898.

DAVIE, POOLEY & LUXTON,
21 Bastion Street, Victoria, Solicitors for the Vendors.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.
8th June, 1898.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint and declare that the following places for the nomination of Candidates for Election to the Legislative Assembly in the respective Electoral Districts, the names of which are set opposite such places, that is to say:

Electoral District.	Place of Nomination.
Alberni	Government Office, Alberni.
Cowichan	Court House, Duncan.
Esquimalt	School House, Esquimalt.
Victoria, North	Court House, Vesuvius Bay, S. S. I.
Victoria, South	School House, Royal Oak.
Victoria City	Market Place.
Cassiar	Government Office, Pt. Simpson.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Court of License Commissioners, held in Victoria City, for a transfer of the license held by me of the Lone Saloon, Johnson street, to John Parker and George Edmonds.

(Signed). MATTHAS ROWLAND.
Witness—JOHN F. DICKSON.

NOTICE.

Behring Sea Award.

All persons claiming any portion of the amount awarded by the Behring Sea Commissioners in December, 1897, are requested to notify, in writing, Frederick Peters, Q. C., and E. V. Bodwell, Esquire, at the office of Mr. Peters, No. 32 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., within 14 days from this date, the notice to contain full particulars of the claim.

Dated at Victoria this 21st day of June, A. D. 1898.

By order of
THE HONORABLE THE MINISTER OF MARINE AND FISHERIES OF CANADA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the Matter of the Official Administrator's Act, and in the Matter of the Goods of James Carmichael McKee, Deceased Intestate.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of Mr. Justice Irving, bearing date the eighteenth day of June, 1898, I was appointed Administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of the above-named deceased.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 18th day of July, A. D. 1898, and all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Notice to Taxpayers.

Electoral Districts of Victoria City, South Victoria and Esquimalt, and the Land Districts of Rupert, Sayward, Quatsino Coast, Queen Charlotte Islands, North Saanich, and parts of Barclay and Clayoquot.

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Revenue Tax and all taxes levied under the "Assessment Act," are now due for the year 1898. Assessed taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz—

If paid on or before June, 1898:—

Three-fifths of one per cent. on real property.
Two and one-half per cent. on assessed value of wild land.
One-half of one per cent. on personal property.

On so much of the income of any person as exceeds one thousand dollars the following rates namely, upon such excess of income, when the same is not more than ten thousand dollars, one per cent; when such excess is over ten thousand dollars, and not more than twenty thousand dollars, one and one-quarter of one per cent. when such excess is over twenty thousand dollars, one and one-half of one per cent.

If paid on or after the 1st July, 1898.

Four-fifths of one per cent. on real property.
Three per cent. on the assessed value of wild land.
Three-fourths of one per cent. on personal property.

On so much of the income of any person as exceeds one thousand dollars the following rates, namely, upon such excess, when the same is not more than ten thousand dollars, one and one quarter of one per cent; when such excess is over ten thousand dollars and not more than twenty thousand dollars, one and one-half of one per cent.; when such excess is over twenty thousand dollars, one and three-fourths of one per cent.

Revenue Tax, $3.00 per capita (Victoria City excepted).

Victoria, B. C., January 6th, 1898.

C. BOOTH,
Assessor and Collector.

PREPARE FOR WINTER
Before the fall rush is on, by leaving your order for any kind of
CARPENTER WORK
General Repairs, Store and Office Fittings, or Weather Strips, with
J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder
10 Broughton St.

YOUR CHAIR IDEAS

In selecting new Chairs for your home there are two points to consider, one is beauty, the other comfort, these are the most important features of the lines of a large assortment of Chairs just received which we are now showing. Another important feature is the low price at which we are offering them.
Also a carload of the latest styles of Furniture, 23 crates of new Dinner and Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Carpet and Linoleums, etc.
Intending purchasers are invited to inspect them and compare prices.
THE B.C. FURNITURE CO.,
JACOB SEHL, Manager

PROCLAMATIONS.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our faithful the Members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our Province of British Columbia, and to all whom it may concern,—Greeting.

A PROCLAMATION.

D. M. Eberts, Attorney-General.

Whereas We have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of Our Executive Council of Our Province of British Columbia, to dissolve the present Legislative Assembly of said Province, which stands prorogued until summoned for dispatch of business.

NOW KNOW YE that We do, for this end, publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby dissolve the Legislative Assembly accordingly, and the members thereof are discharged from further attendance on same.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of British Columbia to be hereunto affixed; Witness, the Honorable Thos. R. McInnes, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and in the sixty-first year of Our Reign

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the Victoria City Electoral District:

WHEREAS His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has, by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of June, 1898, been pleased to dissolve the Legislative Assembly of the said Province; and whereas it is necessary to hold Elections throughout the said Province to fill the vacancies caused by such dissolution, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made, according to law, of Four Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for the Victoria City Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the 25th day of June, 1898, and do cause the names of such Members, when so elected, whether they be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 31st day of August next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly indorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patend under the Great Seal of Our said Povince of British Columbia; Witness the Honorable Thomas R. McInnes, at Our Government House, at Victoria, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Retuning Officer of the Alberni Electoral District:

WHEREAS His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has, by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of June, 1898, been pleased to dissolve the Legislative Assembly of the said Province; and whereas it is necessary to hold Elections throughout the said Province to fill the vacancies caused by such dissolution, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made, according to law, of One Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for the Alberni Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the 25th day of June, 1898, and do cause the name of such Member, when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 31st day of August next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly indorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia; Witness, the Honorable Thomas R. McInnes, at Our government House, at Victoria, this seventh day of June, in th year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

To the Returning Officer of the Cassiar Electoral District:

WHEREAS His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has, by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of June, 1898, been pleased to dissolve the Legislative Assembly of the said Province; and whereas it is necessary to hold Elections throughout the said Province to fill the vacancies caused by such dissolution, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made, according to law, of Two Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for the Cassiar Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the day of 1898, and do cause the names of such Members when so elected, whether they be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the day of next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly indorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, under the Great Seal of Our Said Province of Bitish Columbia, Witness, the Honorable Thos. R. McInnes, at our Government House, at Victoria, this seventh day of June, in Innes, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

PLATE GLASS INSURANCE—Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co., of New York. J. W. Mellor, agent, guarantees replacement within 24 hours. je24

[L. S.] THOS. R. McINNES.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these Presents shall come—Greeting.

A PROCLAMATION.

Arthur G. Smith, Deputy Attorney-General.

WHEREAS it is unnecessary to continue the polling place at Mr. J. Grierson's residence in the Esquimalt Electoral District, and the polling place at the Court House, Vancouver, in the Vancouver City Electoral District, established by Our Proclamation, dated the 15th day of June, 1898; and

Whereas it is advisable to appoint in lieu thereof a polling place at Mr. Arthur Blockley's residence in the said Esquimalt Electoral District, and a polling place at the building situate in Vancouver City, in the said Electoral District, known as the City Market:

NOW KNOW YE that by virtue of the authority contained in the "Provincial Elections Act," and of all other powers and authorities in that behalf enabling, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council declares, and it is hereby declared, that the polling place at Mr. J. Grierson's residence, and the polling place at the Court House, Vancouver, shall be discontinued; and, further, that Mr. Arthur Blockley's residence, at Port San Juan, shall be, and is hereby appointed and established as a polling place in and for the Esquimalt Electoral District; and that the building known as the City Market be and is hereby appointed and established as a polling place in and for the Vancouver City Electoral District.

In Testimony whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of the said Province to be hereunto affixed: Witness, the Honorable Thomas Robert McInnes, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this twentieth day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and in the sixty-second year of Our Reign.

By Command.

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the North Victoria Electoral District:

WHEREAS His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has, by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of June, 1898, been pleased to dissolve the Legislative Assembly of the said Province; and whereas it is necessary to hold Elections throughout the said Province to fill the vacancies caused by such dissolution, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made, according to law, of One Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for the North Victoria Electoral district, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the 25th day of June, 1898, and do cause the name of such member, when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 31st day of August next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly indorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia; Witness, the Honorable Thomas R. McInnes, at Our Government House, at Victoria, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the Cowichan Electoral District:

WHEREAS His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has, by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of June, 1898, been pleased to dissolve the Legislative Assembly of the said Province; and whereas it is necessary to hold Elections throughout the said Province to fill the vacancies caused by such dissolution, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made, according to law, of One Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for the Cowichan Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the 25th day of June, 1898, and do cause the name of such Member, when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 31st day of August next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly indorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our Said Province of British Columbia; Witness, the Honorable Thomas R. McInnes, at Our Government House, at Victoria, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the Esquimalt Electoral District:

WHEREAS His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has, by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of June, 1898, been pleased to dissolve the Legislative Assembly of the said Province; and whereas it is necessary to hold Elections throughout the said Province to fill the vacancies caused by such dissolution, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made, according to law, of Two Members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for the Esquimalt Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the 25th day of June, 1898, and do cause the names of such Members when so elected, whether they be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 31st day of August next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly indorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia; Witness, the Honorable Thomas R. McInnes, at Our Government House, at Victoria, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

(L.S.) THOS. R. McINNES.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Returning Officer of the South Victoria Electoral District:

WHEREAS His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia has, by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of June, 1898, been pleased to dissolve the and whereas it is necessary to hold Elec- Legislative Assembly of the said Province; tions throughout the said Province to fill the vacancies caused by such dissolution, We command you that, notice of the time and place of Election being duly given, you do cause Election to be made, according to law, of One Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for the South Victoria Electoral District, and that you do cause the nomination of Candidates at such Election to be held on the 25th day of June, 1898, and do cause the name of such Member, when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the 31st day of August next, the Election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly indorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia; Witness, the Honorable Thomas R. McInnes, at Our Government House, at Victoria, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

By Command.

B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar of the Supreme Court.

[L.S.] THOS. R. McINNES.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these Presents shall come. —Greeting.

A PROCLAMATION.

D. M. Eberts, Attorney-General.

Wheras it is advisable to establish the following polling places in the several and respective Electoal Districts hereinafter named.

NOW KNOW YE that, by virtue of the authority contained in the "Provincial Elections Act," the Lieutenant-Governor in Council declares that the following polling places shall be, and they are hereby, established for the several Electoral Districts, the names of which are set opposite such polling places, respectively, that is to say:

Polling Places Alberni Electoral District:—
Court House, Alberni.
Sutton's Store, Ucluelet.
Stockham & Dawley's Store, Clayoquot, Quatsino.
The Cannery near Kennedy Lake.

Polling Places Electoral District Cowichan:
Cobble Hill.
Cowichan Station.
Government Office, Duncan.
Chemainus.
School House, Somenos.
Price's Hotel, Cowichan Lake.
School House, Somenos.

Polling Places Electoral District Esquimalt:
School House, Esquimalt.
School House, Sooke.
Hotel, Parson's Bridge.
School House, Metchosin.
E. Gordon's residence, Otter Pt.
A Blockley's residence, Port San Juan.

Polling Places Electoral District North Victoria:—
Court House, Salt Spring Island.
School House, Burgoyne Bay.
School House, Mayne Island.
Hall, Pender Island.
School House, North Saanich.

Polling Places Electoral District South Victoria:—
Agricultural Hall, South Saanich.
School House, Royal Oak.
Tolmie School, Boleskin Road.
School House, Cedar Hill Road.
Agricultural Hall, Cadboro' Bay Road.

Polling Place Electoral Distict Victoia City:—
Market Hall.

Polling District Electoral District Cassiar:
Whonnock Cannery, Rivers Inlet.
School House, Bella Coola.
Port Essington.
Lorne Creek, Skeena River.
Hazelton.
Inverness Cannery, Skeena River.
Metlakahtla.
Port Simpson.
Naas Harbor.
Glenora, Stickine River.
Govenment Office, Telegraph Creek, Stickine River.
Court House, McDame Creek.
Court House, Dease Lake.
Government Office, Teslin Lake.
Government Office, Lake Bennett.
Skidegate, Queen Charlotte Island.

In Testimony Whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of British Columbia to be hereunto affixed: Witness, the Honorable Thos. R. McInnes, Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, Our said Province, this fifteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and in the sixty-first year of Our Reign.

By Command.

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.

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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

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Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

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MACONOCHIE'S RATIONS

THE Food for all Mining, Exploring and Touring Parties.

Maconochie's Patent Army and Navy Rations are a combination of choice Meat and Vegetables, forming a substantial, nutritious, and savoury meal, which can be eaten hot or cold. Hot in a few minutes.

MACONOCHIE'S FOODS ARE THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY.

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.. MILK ..

Containing all the CREAM of the Original Milk. The best and most economical for MINERS' USE.
Every Tin Guaranteed.

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THE BEST.... FAMILY .. FLOUR

Without exception is manufactured by THE OKANAGAN FLOUR MILLS CO., OF ARMSTRONG, B.C.

A Home Institution. If you want satisfaction use

O.K. BRANDS OF FLOUR

Hungarian—xxxx—Strong Bakers
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SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA, B.C.

Subscribe for the Semi-Weekly Colonist.

WOMEN'S WORK IN THE WAR.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat.)

One result of the present war which will be a theme for historians is the practical patriotism which has already been displayed by the American woman. It has not been confined to wearing the national colors or to adorning herself with gold rifles and sabers, but has assumed forms which show she has brains as well as the heart, and can think of ideas which the invaluable in the present situation. Never before has this or any other government been so well equipped with sources for not only carrying on war but for mitigating the conditions of the wounded, but feminine wit has devised many schemes for general aid which Uncle Sam has quickly recognized and has heartily encouraged. Probably the first idea that occurred to the average woman was to imitate Florence Nightingale, Clara Barton and other noted women who have given their services as nurses.

Although the government has no department of trained nurses enrolled in the regular army service, like Great Britain, every state in the union has furnished its quota of volunteers, and proud to wear the cap and gown are members of New York's Sorosis and the Colonial Dames side by side with the wives and daughters of men from the lower walks of life. Associated with them are thousands of professional nurses, also female physicians ready to devote their time and skill to relieving the suffering. The orders of Sisters in the Roman Catholic church, whole lives are devoted to relief, fully realize what they can accomplish and have placed their entire organization in many instances at the disposal of the government. The Salvation Army women have also come forward, appreciating the necessity of feminine aid in the present. Many graduates of nurses' training schools in New York alone have enrolled themselves in the service. The Daughters of the Revolution, with a membership of 25,000 and branches in all of the principal cities in the country, have formed nurses' corps of members in most of the cities where branches are located. In addition to the Sorosis and Colonial Dames, the Daughters of the Cincinnati, the Daughters of 1812 and the Children of the American Revolution are well represented among the wearers of the red cross. The National Emergency Association is an organization of female physicians and trained nurses formed for general hospital work. It has over 2,000 members of its books at the office in Chicago, and is composed of devoted Western women, between 27 and 50 years of age.

Thanks to the modern system of caring for invalids, courses of instruction are provided in connection with nearly all the larger hospitals and medical colleges in the United States. Those who desire instruction to become volunteer nurses have been readily admitted to lectures, and have been given every opportunity to become proficient, graduates of the various nurses' schools cordially assisting the physicians in the work. The course comprises hygiene of the sick room, the administration of medicine, bandaging, the use of antiseptics and disinfectants in surgical operations, chemistry and preparations of invalids' food. Hints as to the work in the field for those who were to go to the front with the armies of invasion have also been given. The question of attire has been carefully discussed. As a rule, the different nurses' corps have adopted uniform dresses. One popular style is a shirt waist of thin blue goods, black alpaca skirt, linen collar and cuffs and white cap. Another uniform adapted especially by those working under the plan of the Red Cross Society consists o fa blue gingham dress belted at the waist, linen collar and cuffs and white cap. Another favored in the West is of blue serge, with striped cotton shirt waist, blue jacket and red collar and cuffs. The out-of-door garment is a cloak of waterproof material, which will entirely cover the uniform, and plain black gloves of thin but strong cloth, and a black bonnet quite similar to that of the Salvation Army women. Aprons are also provided, both of cloth and rubber goods. All of the corps wear the Red Cross bandage around the right arm and each carries a rubber-covered bag containing linen, needles, pins, thread, a small case of standard drugs, scissors, also writing materials.

A Western woman conceived the idea of doing something by acting as an amanuensis in the hospitals. She reasoned that the surgeons and nurses would have little time to listen to the messages of the wounded in perhaps the last some would ever send to those at home, why not write them and send them for the soldiers. It was a happy thought, and as a result wherever a battle occurs, there are to be found women to whom can be dictated messages of love, possibly of farewell, who will transcribed them word for word, or if necessary place them in the proper form and send them homeward. A number of different societies of this character have obtained permission of the war department to be at the front. In addition to letter writing they read to the invalids, talk to them on religious and other subjects, and, in a word, endeavor to brighten their burden in every way possible. In this sphere many women unfitted for nursing can be of invaluable service.

Both of the plans referred to are not new, and many a poor fellow in Europe, as well as America, has known what it was to be ministered unto with feminine tenderness. The idea of having regimental matrons, however, is original with the present war. A few weeks after the beginning of hostilities a number of ladies employed in various departments at Washington hit upon a plan for work among the soldiers which would be practical and yet not interfere with the duties of the nurses or the others. Their meeting resulted in the formation of what is known as the Women's Patriotic Relief League—a very appropriate title. The society proved very popular, and the promoters had no difficulty in organizing branches in a number of the principal states, especially New England. Its members pledged themselves to go wherever ordered, and the plan of work briefly stated is this: The matrons, as they are termed, are to attend to the needs of the command to which they are assigned. It may be patching up the holes in the uniform, sewing on buttons, giving a hint about cooking, looking after bedding and tent furniture. Each matron is provided with a suitable costume and carries a housewife's outfit, also a rubber and a woollen blanket, a rubber pillow, writing materials, vaseline, soap, and other necessary articles. The league, which has branches in nearly all of the states east of the Mississippi river, is composed of married women between 35 and 55 years of age. Those who have husbands and sons in the army are preferred. The general scope of its work has caused it become very popular, and the divisions organized include some of the most prominent women in thee ountry.

The number of societies formed to aid at home is almost limitless. They embrace women in all classes of society, and their meeting places may be in the drawing room of a city mansion, in a little country school house or in the upper room of a tenement house—no matter where, it is all for the same purpose—to help in some way, great or small, those who are fighting for their country. Nearly every regiment of volunteers has a woman's auxiliary named after it. Meeting once weekly, sometimes more frequently, women with delicate, jewelled hands and hands roughened by labor and destitute of ornaments ply the needle or the scissors in preparing garments or other articles for the box in the corner which is to be marked and sent to the men for whom they are working. A multitude of things can be collected to be sent. Underwear, stackings, sweaters, linen for bandages, small pillows of cloth and rubber, pocket lamps, toilet articles, small hand mirrors, court plaster, vaseline, little ornaments for the tent wall, bags with thread, needles, etc., pipes and even tobacco, insoles for tender feet, tiny clocks, etc. These and a hundred other necessities are thought of to go into the box of which hundreds have been carried to the various camps since the call for volunteers. On many of the articles have been worked mottoes of affectionate reminders of those left behind. Neither the regular army nor the navy is forgotten. Other organizations contribute to their interest, while still others are enrolled to send books and newspapers to while away the routine of camp life. It is a question if any regiment now under arms is not being remembered in some way through the medium of these relief societies.

CHANGE YOUR COLOR.

It Is a Change Very Easily Made, If You Only Know How.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Do It—They Banish the Causes of Sallow Complexion, Pimples, Etc., and Leave Instead Good Health and Good Looks.

No earthly power can convert an Indian, nor a negro into a white man. The back skin cannot be made white.

But, a muddy, sallow, greasy, wrinkled skin can be changed to a clear, pure, fresh and smooth one. It can be beautified by the rosy blush of youth and health.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets make the change.

The thin, worn, haggard, pallid face, can be changed into a full, fresh one, with the hue of health, and the look of vigor and strength on it.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets ensure the change.

The muddy, pimply skin, and the pallid, worn, haggard face are the effects of Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, and impure blood.

When food is not properly digested, the blood into which it is changed, is thin, weak and impure. It doesn't contain enough nourishment to give the skin its natural healthy, clear appearance, or the face its natural plumpness and color.

Anything that will ensure perfect digestion, brings about the changes named as surely and naturally as night follows day.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets ensure digestion, because they digest the food themselves.

Thus they ensure a generous supply of pure, cool, rich blood.

Users of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are distinguished by their bright eyes, clear, pure, smooth skin, healthful and vigorous looks.

They are thus distinguishable because Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets ensure perfect digestion, pure blood, and stimulate the bowels to healthy action, throwing out of the system all impurities.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists at fifty cents a box, six boxes $2.50, or sent, on receipt of price, by The Dodds Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

DOMINION.

W. Laron, Vancouver.
J. D. Ladny, Tacoma.
C. H. Pope, Melbourne, Que.
O. Westerland, St. Michael's.
W. Wooton, Sidney.
W. H. Roberts, Sidney.
G. Stewart, North Saanich.
J. Blackstock, Scotland.

NEW ENGLAND.

J. R. Ashley and wife, Tacoma.
E. Olsen, Chemainus.
W. H. Bullock Webster, Telegraph Creek.
H. G. Playfair, Vancouver.

VICTORIA.

B. Wallace, Toronto.
H. Frank, New York.
Mr. and Mrs. Goodnow, St. Louis.
S. Roberts, Montreal.
G. Kislangtry, Salt Lake.
Guy Anderson, Salt Lake.
W. E. Clough, Manchester.
Rev. Mr. McCarty, Denver.
Mr. and Mrs. Hewton, Kingston.
A. S. Arkley, Steveston.

COAL SHIPMENTS.

Statement of the New Vancouver Company For June.

2—Str. Wanderer, Port Townsend	40
2—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend	70
4—SS. Titania, San Francisco	5379
6—Pauline Warner, Alaska	10
6—Str. Dorothy, Alaska	7
8—Bark Seminole, Honolulu	2024
9—Str. Wanderer, Port Townsend	50
10—SS. Burma, San Francisco	4523
12—SS. Manauense, Alaska	219
13—SS. Columbian, Alaska	102
15—SS. Titania, San Francisco	5394
15—Str. Amur, Alaska	178
15—Str. Canadian, Alaska	150
15—Str. Tordenskjold, Alaska	581
16—Str. Ernest A. Hamill, Alaska	94
17—Ship Tacoma, San Francisco	2600
22—Str. Wanderer, Port Townsend	46
22—SS. Burma, San Francisco	4445
24—Str. Sea Lion, Port Townsend	30
25—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend	50
25—Bark Topgallant, Honolulu	1721
26—SS. Titania, San Francisco	5444
28—Bark Carrollton, Dutch Harbor	2326
29—Str. Sea Lion, Port Townsend	27
Total	35,510

The results of the Dominion Day regatta at Toronto were: Junior single sculls—C. T. Wilkinson, Brockville; junior double sculls—Toronto Rowing club; junior fours—Brockville. Intermediate sculls—W. D. Kyam, Toronto Rowing club; senior double—Argonauts; senior fours—Argonauts; canoe singles—J. Smith, St. Lambert Boating club; canoe tandem—G. T. R., canoe fours—Toronto Canoe club; war canoe—Brockville Rowing club.

Thomas Sanderson, for twenty-four years inspector of the Confederation Life Association, died yesterday of pneumonia, in his six sixty-first year.

John McEwen, of Toronto, aged 22, was drowned while bathing in the river at Weston. He had gone to Toronto to attend an evangelistic meeting.

The Quebec Master Plumbers' Association have elected W. Stephenson, of Winnipeg, vice-president; W. U. Smith, of London, is president.

Men's fine business suits, $4.75, 6.75, 8.75. Fine English Sweaters, $1, 1.50, 2.75, 3.00. B. Williams & Co.

IN THE CITY CHURCHES

Usual Services to Be Held Morning and Evening in the Churches of the City.

Members of the Local Lodges C.O.O.F. to Attend Emmanuel Baptist Church.

There are no special announcements for the services in the city churches to-day, the fourth Sunday after Trinity. At the Cathedral, Holy Communion will be celebrated at 8 a. m., and again at the 11 o'clock services, when Bishop Perrin will preach. At 7 in the evening there will be the usual evening prayer, with a sermon by Canon Beanlands. Services will be held in the evening at St. Mark's church, Boleskin road. At St. James' there will be morning prayer with sermon at 11 a. m., Holy Communion at 12 noon, Sunday school at 2:30, children's service at 3 p. m., and evening prayer with sermon at 7 p. m., and at St. Saviour's the usual services will be held.

There will be morning prayer at 11, followed by a celebration of the Holy Communion, and evensong at 7 at St. John's church. The Rev. Percival Jenns will preach at both services. The Hymns to be sung will be: Morning, 290 and 322; evening, 172, 289 and 24. The organ voluntaries will be: Morning, "Angels, Ever Bright and Fair" (Handel); evening, "The Hymn of Nuns" (Neby); "Surely He Hath borne our griefs" (Handel).

The services at St. Barnabas' church will be: Holy Eucharist 8 a. m.; Matins 10:30, Choral Holy Eucharist 11, choral evensong, 7 p. m. The Rev. B. Haslam will officiate. The music is as follows: Morning, Communion service in E flat, simper; Hymns 323, 322 and 324; organ voluntaries: "Chant de Borceau" (Stephen Heller); "Andantino" in A (Wely); "Lieder Ohne Worte" (Mendelssohn.) Evening—Hymns 238, 263, and 24; organ voluntaries, "Glory to Thee" (Gounod); "Slumberlied" (Schumann); chorus, "Baal, We Cry to Thee" (Mendelssohn.)

The pastors of all the Presbyterian churches will be in their respective pulpits to-morrow—Rev. Dr. Campbell at the First church; Rev. W. Leslie Clay at St. Andrew's, and Rev. Mr. McRae at the Victoria West church. The morning services are held at 11, Sunday school at 2:30, and evening services at 7.

Rev. G. F. Swinnerton, B. A., will preach both morning and evening at the Metropolitan church. His evening subject will be, "The Workingman and His Vote." The services in the Centennial Methodist church will be conducted by Rev. W. H. Barraclough, B. A. In the evening he will preach a patriotic sermon. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated at the close of the evening service.

A ten-minute sermon on "Scientific Temperance and the Children" will be preached by Rev. R. W. Trotter at Calvary Baptist church at 11 in the morning, to be followed by a sermon by Rev. J. G. Mathews, of McMaster's University, Toronto. In the evening Rev. Mr. Trotter will preach his third sermon on "Social Problems." The C. O. O. F. will attend in a body the morning service at Emmanuel Baptist church. The pastor, Mr. O. E. Kendall, will preach, his subject being "Jesus the Wonderful." In the evening Rev. J. G. Mathews, of Toronto, will preach.

The Congregationalists will meet for worship in Temperance hall, Pandora avenue, where services will be held at the usual hours. The pastor, Rev. P. C. L. Harris, will preach at the morning service from the text Matt. 28:20, and at the conclusion of this service the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered. The Sunday school and Bible class will meet at 2:30, and the Y. P. S. C. E. after the evening service.

Rev. Dr. Wilson will preach both morning and evening at the Reformed Episcopal church.

At the "Home of Truth," 71 Discovery street, services will be held at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. The evening subject will be "Salvation by Jesus Christ."

The Universal Brotherhood meet at 28 Broad street at 8:15 this evening.

A general meeting will be held at the Y. M. C. A. hall this afternoon at 4 o'clock. An address will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Haslam on "Religion and Politics."

A HUGE BEEHIVE

In a Vast Natural Cavern in California—The Buzz May Be Heard a Mile Away.

Did you ever see a bee tree with a swarm of bees around it? Well, magnify this about ten thousand times, and you will have a slight idea of a natural bee-hive in Mendocino county, Cal.

It is a rift in the face of a cliff, and tradition has it that there is a large cave on the inside, where the myriads of busy insects make their homes.

This great natural curiosity is known to residents of the adjacent country as the "Bee Rock," and they have grown to look upon it as a common place, when in reality it is the only bee-hive of the kind in existence.

There is no danger of a person getting very near to this natural bee-hive without knowing it, for at all hours of the day a swarm of insects hovers about several hundred feet in all directions. An incessant, maddening buzz fills the air that can be heard an eighth of a mile away, and serves as a warning not to venture too near. But men do venture near after having first put on a suit of leather clothing, fastened a mask of wire screen about their hat-bands, and lighted a good big torch. These precautions are absolutely necessary.

It takes nerve to approach close to the opening in the rock, and the experience is a never-to-be forgotten one. Bees to the number of millions of millions will light on the intruder, humming fiendishly and endeavoring to sting him to death. They form a perfect cloud, and the air is filled with a fetid smell and a fine dust that gets through the wire screen and causes an irritation to the eyes. The tiny insects really show signs of viciousness, and fly into the flames of the torch in countless numbers, as though they intended to extinguish it. Round and round they fly, with a deafening buzz, and strong indeed is the man who can stand the onslaught of the tiny foes for more than a few minutes.

It is almost impossible to make out just where the entrance to this natural beehive is. There is a sort of a cavern in the cliff that seems to have a crack through the inner wall from top to bottom, but most of the bees hover around a hole about 18 inches wide, and appear to make that the point of ingress and egress. Many days it is impossible to even see the cliff, so thickly covered is it with insects, and they toil in and out of the opening like a stream of molasses.

During the summer, dead birds can always be seen on the ground around the mouth of the hive. They have been stung to death while attempting to fly through the swarms of insects. Four-footed creatures never venture within half a mile, seeming to know that death lurks there. In front of the mouth of the hive there is a pile of dried honey that has flowed from the interior. It looks like a heap of molten lava that has been hardened after being discharged from a volcano.

A party of men living in the vicinity claim to have entered the bee-hive several years ago. They selected a cold day in the winter, when the bees were half dormant, and poured benzine and coal oil around and into the opening. They then made a big fire of wod, so that the whole cavern was filled with flames. They then poked red-hot embers down into the opening, and so killed every bee in it.

But there was not much to see after the men got inside—only a large cave, with the walls covered with wax and dried honey, and enough of the sweetness in pools in the bottom to last a big city for several years. Of course, the honey was unfit for use, on account of being full of dead bees and ashes from the fire. The men, however, did not linger in the cave any great length of time, as it was foul smelling and stifling. Although countless millions of bees must have been destroyed on this occasion, the next summer they were as numerous as ever, and just as vicious.

Indians of the neighborhood say that in the "good old days" the bad men of their tribe were bound hand and foot, and carried to within a short distance of the beehive, by men wrapped in blankets. There the helpless creatures were left to suffer the agony of being stung to death.—San Francisco Call.

SIAMESE TWINS.

To the Editor: Such is the pictorial representation of two men linked together that appears in the last issue of the Weekly Province, which are begrimed from head to foot with lettered allusions in disparagement of Turner and Pooley.

Doubtless the editor might chuckle with delight to think he had found such savory food for readers of the Province as this lampoon of our public men.

Its representation serves to bring under notice that on one occasion some member of the legal fraternity excelled in the art of mimicry, which he often did at the expense of his legal brethren. On one occasion, by consent, he was permitted to try his skill upon the learned judge, which he did so admirably that the judge himself joined in the laugh, adding, "Very clever, very clever, indeed, but mind you that it is no way to succeed at the bar." And who knows but the Province may yet find out that such representation of our public men, copied from the worst style of the American press, may ill augur success for a paper advocating British Columbian interests.

W. K. B.

RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

An Epitome of the Leading Sermons of a Week.

A HEAVENLY ARISTOCRAT.—Whenever you find an unselfish man you have discovered a heavenly aristocrat.—Rev. Frank Crane, Methodist, Chicago, Ill.

A FORWARD MOVEMENT.—The forward movement of humanity must spring from a pure heart and a clear head.—Rev. W. S. Friedman, Hebrew, Denver, Col.

COURAGE OF FAITH.—Whatever is best and noblest in man will be brought to the front by the courage of faith.—Rev. C. H. Fitzwilliam, Baptist, Pittsburg, Pa.

ONE OF GOD'S METHODS.—When moral suasion ceases to be a virtue, God has always used a revolution to better the world.—Rev. John Handley, Methodist, Camden, New Jersey.

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE CROSS.—The finest music is pasdon music. The finest literature looks up to the cross. The superbest minds and spirits among men have been profoundly moved by Calgary.—Rev. M. P. Dewey, Congregationalist, Chicago, Ill.

IN TIME OF WAR.—With war come the perils of public demoralization, and it is one of the duties of the Christian to do everything in his power to indemnify those perils and minimize them as much as possible.—Rev. H. P. Atwood, Presbyterian, Chicago, Ill.

SHORT BEDS.—Men make their own beds and weave their own coverings, leaving God and his Christ out, only to find in times of great crises that one is too short and the other too narrow for their protection and comfort.—Rev. T. J. Deak, Methodist, Pittsburg, Pa.

TRUTH ETERNAL.—Truth is eternal. It exists only in the mind, as the mind is its sole habitat. Therefore eternal truth demands an eternal mind, a supreme intelligence as its basis. This supreme intelligence is God. God is truth, and truth is God.—Rev. Father Mackey, Catholic, Cincinnati, O.

BARBARISH.—America has served notice on the whole world that there is no more place for barbarities under the disguise of war. What the powers of Europe would not do in the case of the Armenians, what Greece tried to do for Crete, America has undertaken for Cuba.—Rev. F. D. Bovard, Methodist, Alameda, Cal.

REGENERATION.—As under the living creative energies of plant life, the soil is transmitted into luscious fruit, so in the history of man's doings upon the earth, low desires and base deeds have been turned to noble uses. The present conflict may be the means of regenerating not only Cuba, but Spain herself.—Rev. A. Bilkovsky, Universalist, Baltimore, Md.

AVOCATION.—There are some men who have invincible repugnance to any regular avocation. They hope by some lucky stroke to make their fortune without steady application. Ten to one this man will become a criminal. The statistics of penitentiaries show that four-fifths of the inmates never had a trade or regular employment.—Rev. S. P. Sprecher, Presbyterian, Cleveland, O.

THE REAL BATTLE.—Christianity abandons the rivalry with science and history on the field of knowledge to win greater victories over man's heart and the inner springs of action.—Rev. J. G. Schurman, Presbyterian, Ithaca, N. Y.

ENDLESS TORMENT.—Not one passage in the Bible, nor the whole Bible taken together, asserts explicitly or clearly implies the endless torment of even those who reject the Gospel of Christ.—Dr. J. C. Jacksen, Jr., Congregationalist, Columbus, O.

A RESULT OF PROGRESS.—Social struggles, like such as pertain to labor and capital, are owing in great part to circumstances of social advance which are due to the operation of Christianity, and arise from aspirations born of the Christian Gospel.—Rev. G. P. Fisher, Episcopalian, New Haven, Conn.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.—This century is the date of the introduction of universal suffrage. It is the period within which poverty has become articulate. It is the time in which the real Christ, buried for ages under barren theologies, has been rediscovered.—Rev. S. D. McConnell, Episcopalian, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SCIENCE.—I look for nothing but good from science. If science has gained an apparent victory over religion, it has become more spiritual; and if religion has gained an apparent victory over science, it has become more rational.—Rev. W. J. Tucker, Congregationalist, Hanover, N. H.

THE RIGHT WAY.—The truly great of earth, the porphets, ancient and modern, stand purely on the moral issue; there is the eternal struggle between right and wrong, the two principles that have stood face to face from the beginning of time; but for the true man there is no question of the final outcome; before the tribunal of the Eternal Justice, right is right.—Dr. Philipson, Hebrew, Cincinnati, O.

UNSELFISHNESS.—It is vain to tell anyone to be unselfish without giving him the power to be unselfish. It is mockery to advise any man to be cheerful without giving him the power to be cheerful. It is only the man who loves a God-Centered life, the man who has faith in God, who believes that all God does is done for the best, that all God's ways with men are right, whether men understand them or not; it is only that man who can look out upon life with a smile.—Rev. Dr. Fishburn, Presbyterian, Columbus, O.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—S Low, Vera Ashton, G Kishinbury, H Hewton, Mrs Hewton, G W Richardson and wife, A Wheeler, R Wheeler, J S Finney, J R Ashley and wife, C W Price, Mrs A P Shetson and nurse, M J McManany, Capt Atwell, P Zimmerman and wife, F P Zent, Miss M H Crocker, O Richards, J W Fisher, W Babbitt, J Ross, Rev R McCarty, M G Clough and wife, Mrs Morrison and daughter, Miss Devoe.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—P McQuade, Gilmore & Co, J McMillan, Nicholles & R, Valo & Brooks, Stewart Bros, G A Schooley, Vanc Hardw Co, F B Finkleston, J M, V G H, W M H, M & R.

What Dr. A. E. Salter Says.

Buffalo, Y.Y.—Gents:—From my personal knowledge, gained in observing the effect of your Shiloh's Cure in cases of advanced Consumption, I am prepared to say it is the most remarkable Remedy that has ever been brought to my attention. It has certainly saved many from Consumption. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this. *

THE DUFFERIN WRECK

Details of the Loss of the Stern Wheel Steamer Off Cape Beale.

Crew of the Vessel Now on Their Way to Victoria None the Worse for Their Escapade.

Manager G. Hinde-Bowker, of the British American Corporation, who was on the bridge of the steamship Progreso when the company's stern-wheel steamer Marquis of Dufferin met her fate off Cape Beale on Friday morning last, arrived from Alberni on last evening's train, abandoning, at least temporarily, the expedition he had started out on. He says that a heavy swell was running in from sea when the accident occurred. At 8 o'clock the steamer showed red lights and those on board asked that the Progreso slow down. The big vessel accordingly did so, although at the time she was only running at half speed. Capt. Gilboy, and Mr. Hinde-Bowker were both watching closely the behavior of the stern wheeler from the bridge of the Progreso and it appeared to them as though the vessel was weathering the sea without any particular straining. When about fifteen miles to the westward of the Cape, however, red lights were again shown and immediately afterwards distress signals were fired. The Progreso was hove to at once, but in a few minutes the Dufferin's fate was sealed. Her hog chains, hog posts, and everything that seemed to hold her together broke simultaneously, the whole forward part of the hull spread out like so much loose lumber and for some time the stern stood out of the water as if the boiler and machinery were being held from going through the bottom by some fixtures. The excitement on the Progreso was intense. She was crowded with passengers; in fact overcrowded, Mr. Bowker says, and when the announcement that the Dufferin was sinking was made, men and women rushed to the railing of the ship in their night clothes. The big life boats of the Progreso had long ere this been launched but their movements could not be plainly seen. It was dark and in the stiff breeze blowing the voices of those in the boats and on the wreck were inaudable. Capt. Connall, of Vancouver, and the crew of ten on the Marquis of Dufferin, owing to the peculiar position she had taken, had to be lowered from the stern of the wreck into the life boats by means of a rope. This work being done out of view of the Progreso, caused great anxiety among the passengers. Eventually in answer to the cries "are all safe?" an affirmative answer was received. Then the boats were waited for. Over an hour passed before the first was found and then not until after considerable searching. The other was found about an hour later and it was learned that no one had been injured except the cook of the Dufferin, who had his arm dislocated. All are now on their way to Victoria and should arrive here to-day. Mr. Hinde-Bowker places the value of the Marquis of Dufferin at $35,000, but this amount does not cover 35 tons of coal, a valuable survey outfit, and all the crew's belongings, which were on her. He says that the company has another river steamer—the Constantine which was bought in Seattle—on her way to the Yukon. She is going North by the inside passage. He fully realizes the risk involved in sending these vessels North. They cost a lot to build, but then he reasons that one trip up the Yukon almost covers all expenses. He thinks that had the Marquis of Dufferin got past Cape Beale she would have made the trip safely. The Progreso has continued on her voyage North.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

R. P. Rithet & Co., agents for the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, were advised by wire yesterday evening that the steamship Queen due to sail for San Francisco this evening, will be twelve hours late. The following passengers have been ticketed for the voyage: Chas. Funcald, Miss J. Kruger, Miss May Kennedy, Miss J. Ayers, Miss A. B. Alexander, Miss Jane Thaner, Mrs. H. G. Gray, Miss C. Richey, Mrs. C. M. Richey, Miss G. Stern, Mrs. T. Collins, Mrs. J. Byrn, Geo. Kirch and wife, Mrs. E. Ross and Mrs. C. Ross.

ANOTHER WRECK.

A despatch from Port Townsend states that Capt. J. Christiansen of the schooner Eliza Miller, now at Port Blakeley, reports to the hydrographic office at this place that he passed June 22, in longitude 129:51 west, and latitude 43:19 north, a vessel bottom up, and with a keel between 130 and 140 feet long, newly coppered and lead on the forefoot. She was about twelve feet above water and very dangerous to navigation.

MARINE NOTES.

The City of Kingston will leave the outer wharf at 7 o'clock this morning with the first Seattle excursion. The tide in the harbor will be exceptionally low to-day, and it is for this reason that the Kingston will not come in.

An excellent painting of Mr. C. J. V. Spratt's new steamer, the Douglas, is now to be seen in Spratt & Macaulay's windows on Government street. The steamer left Valparaiso for Victoria about a week ago and shortly after her arrival here will enter into the northern busines.

A Yokohama paper says the Arizona, now due on the Sound from the Orient, made the run from Amoy to Yokohama in four days, and that she is one of the most handsome and perfectly equipped steamers on the Pacific. The same authority says the ship brings a full cargo of tea.

The American bark McNear has arrived at Chemainus to load lumber for Melbourne. The barkentine W. F. Witzemann, now at the former port, is ready to sail for Tientsin, and the Eric at Gabriola Pass, loading for Tientsin, has about completed her cargo.

The C. P. R. bulletin announces the arrival at New York at 4 p.m. yesterday of the White Star liner Britannic.

The C. P. R. steamship Tartar sails for Skagway and Wrangel on Thursday evening.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer, from Vancouver.
Str. City of Kingston, from Port Townsend.
Str. North Pacific, from Port Townsend.
Str. R. P. Rithet, from New Westminster.
Str. Evangel, from Port Angeles

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer, for Vancouver.
Str. City of Kingston, for Port Townsend.
Str. North Pacific, for Port Townsend.
Str. R. P. Rithet, for New Westminster.
Str. Evangel, for Port Angeles.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure cures where others fail. It is the leading Cough Cure and no home should be without it. Pleasant to take and goes right to the spot. Sold by Cyrus H. Bowes.

LiverIlls

Like billousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

$1,000 REWARD.

3 Big Fires in One Day.

Protect your homes by purchasing a

STEMPEL MACHINE.

Costs little; insures you against loss. A lady can handle it. Be sure you get a Stempel. Beware of Peddlars offering bogus machines. We offer a $1,000 challenge to any machine on the market. Write the Agent,

W. H. PRICE } Sole Agent for British Columbia.

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106 Gov'mt St.

CELEBRATION AT PORT ANGELES

JULY 4th

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company will run the steamer City of Nanaimo to Port Angeles on July 4th, leaving Janion's Wharf, Victoria, at 8 a. m. and 1:30 and 7 p. m.; returning, will leave Port Angeles at 10:30 a. m. and 4 and 10 p. m. Fare for the round trip, 50 cents; children half price.

H. K. PRIOR.
Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agt.

RE ALEXANDER ORR,

DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that creditors and others having any claims against the estate of Alexander Orr, late of Victoria, British Columbia, who died on the 13th of May, 1898, and whose will has been proved by the Executors William Collister and William Russell, are hereby required to send in their claims to us on or before the 9th day of July, 1898, after which date the executors of the said will will distribute the assets of the testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

All persons indebted to the estate are required to pay the amount due by them to the executors forthwith.

Dated June 9th, 1898.

DAVIE, POOLEY & LUXTON,
21 Bastion street, Victoria, Solicitors for the Executors.

Estate of J. B. Harrison, Deceased

TENDERS.

Will be received up to noon on Monday, the 20th day of July, 1898, by the undersigned for the purchase of city lots Nos. 950 and 951, corner Montreal and Kingston streets, together with cottage and two 1½-story frame dwellings erected thereon, either as a whole or in part. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For full particulars apply to Lee & Fraser, 11 Trounce avenue, agents for executors J. B. Harrison estate.

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Corner Powell St. and Hawks Ave.,
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"THE FLY FISHING"
Both in the River and Lake is unequalled in the province
Stage Leaves Duncan's E. & N. Railway Monday, Wednesday and Friday
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The leading tailors, opposite Colonist office, corner Broad and Trounce Alley.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc, cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munro's, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., Corner Douglas and Fort; or Blair and Gordon, corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to.

PABST BOHEMIAN
From Milwaukee. The finest Beer the world ever produced, on draught at the
Bank Exchange,
The coolest, cleanest, and cheapest Restaurant in the city. Never close

[L. S.] THOS. R. McINNES.

CANADA.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

Arthur G. Smith, Deputy Attorney-General.

WHEREAS it is deemed desirable that Saturday, the 2nd day of July, proximo, should be appointed and set apart as a Public Holiday throughout the Province of British Columbia:

NOW KNOW YE that We, by and with the advice of Our Executive Council for British Columbia, have thought fit to appoint, and do hereby appoint Saturday, the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1898, to be observed throughout Our Province of British Columbia as a Public Holiday.

In Testimony Whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of British Columbia to be hereunto affixed: Witness, the Honorable Thomas Robert McInnes, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this twenty-second day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and in the sixty-second year of Our Reign

By Command.

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.

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OGILVIE'S MODELS. Reasonable Prices.
Weight 90 lbs. CARRY ONE TON.
POINTS OF MERIT:
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Cumbersome green lumber boats are expensive, heavy, and can only be used going down stream, being worthless for prospecting purposes up shallow creeks, owing to swift currents.
Avoid blockade at Lakes Linderman and Bennett. Scarcity of boat lumber will make it impossible to supply one-fourth the demand. Correspondence solicited.
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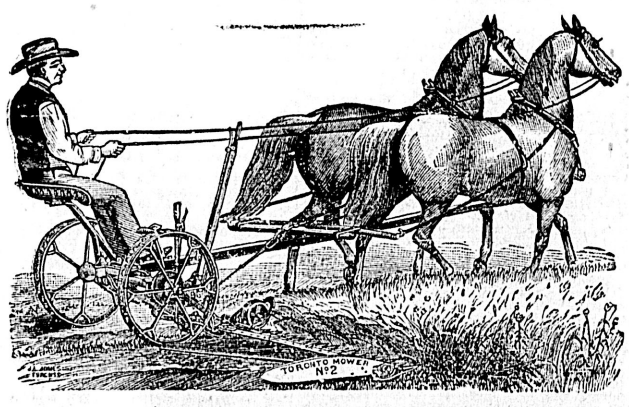
KLONDYKE AND MINERS' OUTFITS
Goods Suitably Packed for Transportation by Sleighs or Otherwise. Requisite Custom House Papers Prepared Free of Charge.

Having disposed of my business at the cor. of Government and Johnson Sts., as from June the 2nd to the Victoria Shoe Co., Ltd, all accounts due me are to be paid to them. Thanking the public for their kind and extensive patronage extended to me in the past I would bespeak for my successors a continuance of the same.
A. B. ERSKINE

E. G. PRIOR & CO.
Limited Liability



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